District Enrollment: February 28, 2020

DISTRICT	Full Time Students	Shared Time Students	Full Time Students PTC 20 LLD	Shared Time Students PTC 20 LLD	Total Student Count
Avon	34	1	0	0	35
Belmar	103	17	2	1	123
Brielle	205	4	2	1	212
Lake Como	49	5	2	1	57
Manasquan	287	6	5	0	298
Sea Girt	22	1	2	0	25
Spring Lake	49	2	0	0	51
Spr Lk Hts	123	2	5	0	130
Parent Paid	14	1	0	0	15
Employee Child	3		0	0	3
Totals	889	39	18	3	949
				TOTAL MHS	949
				TOTAL MES	534
				TOTAL ENROLLMENT	1,483

MANASQUAN SCHOOL DISTRICT ATTENDANCE COMPARISON REPORT 2019-2020 school year

HIGH SCHOOL				
A PARTIE THE PARTIES OF THE PARTIES	ATTENDANCE	AVERAGE DAILY	AVERAGE DAILY	
	PERCENTAGE	ENROLLMENT	<u>ATTENDANCE</u>	
Feb-19	92.43	948.50	877.07	
Feb-20	92.70	927.67	859.90	
ELEMENTARY SCH	IOOL			
Feb-19	96.948		518.267	
Feb-20	97.17	534.80	500.133	

MANASQUAN SCHOOL DISTRICT FIRE DRILL REPORT 2019-2020 school year

HIGH SCHOOL

DATE OF DRILL	TIME OF DRILL	LENGTH OF DRILL	COMMENTS	SECURITY DRILLS
February 20th	12:10 p.m.	5 minutes		Fire Drill
February 28th	1:03 p.m.	4 minutes		Fire Drill-Alt. School
February 26th	9:00 a.m.	7 minutes		Lockdown Drill
				Lockdown Drill - Alt.
February 27th	11:40 a.m.	8 minutes		School
ELEMENTARY S	CHOOL			
DATE OF DRILL	TIME OF DRILL	LENGTH OF DRILL	COMMENTS	SECURITY DRILL
February 21st	2:31 p.m.	10 minutes		LockDown Drill
February 28th	12:40 p.m.	3 minutes	-	Fire Drill

	Manas										
2019	2019 - 2020 Suspensions by Month OUT OF SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS: SEPT. OCT. NOV. DEC. JAN. FEB. MAR. APR. MAY JUNE TOTAL										
OUT OF SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS:	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	TOTAL
DISREPECTFUL TO STUDENT											0
DISREPECTFUL TO STAFF		1									1
DEFIANCE											0
FIGHTING											0
PUSHING / SHOVING		1									1
THROWING OF OBJECTS	1										1
UNDER THE INFLUENCE											0
UNLISTED OFFENSE						2					2
VERBAL ABUSE / PROFANITY	1										1
MARIJUANA											0
SMOKING / POSSESSION		1	1								2
WEAPON		2									2
ASSAULT									-		0
Totals	2	5	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	10
IN SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS:											
VERBAL ABUSE / PROFANITY											0
SATURDAY DETENTION NO SHOW				1		1					2
SMOKING / POSSESSION	1	1	1	1							3
ACC. OF DEMERITS		1		1							2
LATE TO SCHOOL, EXCESSIVE											0
CUT CLASS	1	2									2
HIB CONFIRMED	1			1							1
DEFIANCE											0
UNLISTED OFFENSE	2						İ				2
DISREPECTFUL TO STAFF											0
VIOLATION OF THE TECH POLICY	2	1			1						4
Totals	5	5	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	16
TOTAL STUDENTS SUSPENDED	7	10	1	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	26
	1 .		_		1	1	г	т	γ		
TOTAL SATURDAY DETENTIONS	1	4	3	7	20				L		35
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 1 TIME	20	1									
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 2 TIMES	STUDENTS SUSPENDED 2 TIMES 3 TOTAL NUMBER OF										
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 3 TIMES	SUSPENSIONS TO DATE										
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 4 TIMES	1	SUSPENSIONS TO DATE									
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 5 TIMES											
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 5 TIMES STUDENTS SUSPENDED 6 TIMES TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL							1				
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 7 TIMES	+	1					NDIVID		2	23	l
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 8 TIMES	+	1	STUD	ENTS	SUSF	PENDE	ED TO	DATE	4	-0	1
STUDENTS SUSPENDED 9 TIMES	 	1									
STODENTS SUSPENDED & HIVES	1	I									

Manasquan High School												
2019 - 2020 Su	2019 - 2020 Suspensions by Grade											
OUT OF SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS:	9	10	11	12	TOTALS							
DISREPECTFUL TO STUDENT					0							
DISREPECTFUL TO STAFF			1		1							
DEFIANCE					0							
FIGHTING					0							
PUSHING / SHOVING		1			1							
THROWING OF OBJECTS			1		1							
UNDER THE INFLUENCE					0							
UNLISTED OFFENSE			1	1	2							
VERBAL ABUSE / PROFANITY			1		1							
MARIJUANA					0							
SMOKING / POSSESSION			4		4							
WEAPON					0							
ASSAULT					0							
Totals	0	1	8	1	10							
IN SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS:												
VERBAL ABUSE / PROFANITY					0							
SATURDAY DETENTION NO SHOW			2		2							
SMOKING / POSSESSION			2	1	3							
ACC. OF DEMERITS			1	1	2							
LATE TO SCHOOL, EXCESSIVE					0							
CUT CLASS			2		2							
HIB CONFIRMED			1		1							
DEFIANCE					0							
UNLISTED OFFENSE		2			2							
DISREPECTFUL TO STAFF					0							
VIOLATION OF THE TECH POLICY	2		2		4							
Totals	_ 3	2	10	2	17							
TOTAL STUDENTS SUSPENDED	3	3	18	3	27							
TOTAL SATURDAY DETENTIONS	3	3	14	15	35							

Manasquan High School

2019 - 2020 Tardy Report

	Sept.	Oct.	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June
Number of Students Tardy 1 time	167	183	192	213	218	209				
Number of Students Tardy 2 times	57	97	93	92	105	77				
Number of Students Tardy 3 times	35	73	32	56	46	49				
Number of Students Tardy 4 times	14	47	24	27	29	27				
Number of Students Tardy 5 times	11	22	16	8	13	18				
Number of Students Tardy 6 times	9	16	3	6	7	5				
Number of Students Tardy 7 times	1	13	2	4	5	3				
Number of Students Tardy 8 times	4	6	4	4	1	6				
Number of Students Tardy 9 times		2	1	1		3				
Number of Students Tardy 10 times										
Number of Students Tardy 11 times			1	1						
Number of Students Tardy 12 times										
Number of Students Tardy 13 times			1							
Number of Students Tardy 14 times	1									
Number of Students Tardy 15 times		1	1							
Number of Students Tardy 16 times					1					
Number of Students Tardy 17 times		1								
Number of Students Tardy 18 times										
Number of Students Tardy 19 times		1								
Number of Students Tardy 20 times										
Totals	299	462	370	412	425	397	0	0	0	0

	SEPT.	ост.	NOV.	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.	March	MARCH	April	MAY	JUNE
Profanity											
Cut											
Detention/Cut											
Class											
Leaving School											
Grounds											
Smoking											
Willful Disobediend	e										
Truant											
Forged Note											
Fighting		1									
Conduct of Such											
Character											
Destruction of School and Personal Property											
Threatening Staff											
Member											
Threatening											
Student	1				1						
Disturbance in											
Class					L						
Harrassment of											
Student											
Possession of											
Drug/Alcohol											
Insubordination											
Possession of											
Stolen Property											
Possession of a We	eapon										
Simple Assault											
TOTAL	1	. 1	. 0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS BY GRADE

GRADE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Tardy								
Profanity								
Detention/Cut Class Leaving School Grounds								
Smoking								
Willful Disobediend	ce							
Truant								
Forged Note								
Fighting								
Conduct of Such Character								
Destruction of School and Personal Property		·						
Threatening Staff Member								
Threatening Student								
Disturbance in Class								
Harrassment of Student								
Possession of								
Drug/Alcohol								
Insubordination								
Possession of Stolen Property								
Possession of a We	eapon							
Simple Assault								
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C

MANASQUAN SCHOOL DISTRICT HARRASSMENT, INTIMIDATION & BULLYING REPORT March 18, 2020

Case	Date of	ID	ID		
#	Report	Victim	Accused	Determination	Discipline/remediation
MES					
		NO REPORT FOR	THE MONTH		
MHS					
		NO REPORT FOR	THE MONTH		

All victims received counseling.

BYLAW GUIDE

BYLAWS 0152/page 1 of 2 Board Officers Mar 20

[See POLICY ALERT Nos. 181, 205, and 219]

0152 BOARD OFFICERS

The Board of Education shall organize at its first regular meeting by electing one of its members as President and another as Vice President.

Any member may place a member's name in nomination; a second is not required. Election for each office will be conducted by a vote when the nominations for that office are closed. The candidate receiving a majority vote of the members of the Board present and constituting a quorum will be elected to office.

Select Option 1 or 2 below

[Option 1 - Voting shall take place by written ballot after nominations are closed for each position, President and Vice President. Each Board members will be provided a blank piece of paper ballot after nominations are closed for each position. Each Board member and shall write the name of one Board member the person they wish to vote for see elected on the piece of paper ballot. Each Board member must print and sign their name on their paper ballot. The ballots shall be read aloud tallied by the Board Secretary identifying the Board member and their vote. and Tthe person with the majority vote of the members of the Board present and constituting a quorum shall be elected. In the event no candidate receives a majority vote of the members of the Board members present and constituting a quorum, the procedure shall be repeated continue until someone receives a majority vote of those Board members present and constituting a quorum.]

[Option 2 – Voting shall take place by verbal roll call vote after nominations are closed. When more than one person has been nominated, the Board will vote on candidates in the order in which they were nominated. In the event no candidate receives a majority vote of the members of the Board present and constituting a quorum, the procedure shall continue until someone receives a majority vote.]

Officers shall serve for one year and until their respective successors are elected and shall qualify, but if the Board shall fail to hold the organization meeting or to elect Board officers as prescribed by N.J.S.A. 18A:15-1, the Executive County Superintendent shall appoint from among the members of the Board a President and/or Vice President.



BYLAW GUIDE

BYLAWS 0152/page 2 of 2 Board Officers

A President or Vice President who refuses to perform a duty imposed upon him/her by law may be removed by a majority vote of the Board members present and constituting a quorum. In the event the office of President or Vice President shall become vacant the Board shall, within thirty days thereafter, fill the vacancy for the unexpired term. If the Board fails to fill the vacancy within such time, the Executive County Superintendent shall fill the vacancy for the unexpired term.

N.J.S.A. 18A:15-1; 18A:15-2

Adopted:



ADMINISTRATION
1581/page 1 of 4
Victim of Domestic or Sexual Violence Leave
Mar 20
M

[See POLICY ALERT Nos. 202 and 219]

1581 VICTIM OF DOMESTIC OR SEXUAL VIOLENCE LEAVE

Policy and Regulation 1581 - Section A. sets forth the New Jersey Civil Service Commission's Uniform Domestic Violence Policy that all public employers shall adopt and distribute to all their employees in accordance with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a. The purpose of the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy is to encourage public employees who are victims of domestic violence, and those impacted by domestic violence, to seek assistance from their public employer's human resources officer(s) and to provide a standard for a public employer's human resources officer(s) to follow when responding to employees.

Policy and Regulation 1581 – Section B. provides employment protection for employees of those employers as defined in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-2, who are victims of domestic violence or sexual violence in accordance with the provisions of the New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act (NJ SAFE Act) - N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq.

A. Uniform Domestic Violence Policy (N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a)

All New Jersey public employees are covered under N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a and Policy and Regulation 1581 – Section A. All public employers shall designate a Human Resources Officer (HRO) or equivalent to assist employees who are victims of domestic violence. The name and contact information of the designated HRO must be provided to all employees. Managers and supervisors are required to refer any employee who is experiencing domestic violence or who report witnessing domestic violence to the designated HRO.

Employees who are victims of domestic violence are encouraged to seek immediate assistance from their HRO. Employees who have information about or witness an act of domestic violence against an employee are encouraged to report that information to the designated HRO, unless the employee is required to report the domestic violence pursuant to applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report, in which case the employee must report to the appropriate authority in addition to reporting to the designated HRO.



ADMINISTRATION
1581/page 2 of 4
Victim of Domestic or Sexual Violence Leave

Nothing in the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy and Policy and Regulation 1581 – Section A. shall preclude an employee from contacting 911 in emergency situations. HROs shall remind employees to contact 911 if they feel they are in immediate danger.

Each designated HRO shall comply with the requirements outlined in Regulation 1581 – Section A.4.d. In responding to reports of domestic violence, the HRO shall seek to maintain confidentiality to protect an employee making a report of, witnessing, or experiencing domestic violence, to the extent practical and appropriate under the circumstances and allowed by law.

To ensure confidentiality and accuracy of information, the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy 1581 and Regulation 1581 – Section A.6. require the HRO to keep all documents and reports of domestic violence in a confidential personnel file separate from the employee's other personnel records.

Public employers in the State of New Jersey shall develop an action plan to identify, respond to, and correct employee performance issues that are caused by domestic violence, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a, and in accordance with the guidelines outlined in Regulation 1581 - Section A.7.

Resources and program information will be readily available to assist victims of domestic violence.

A public employer may seek to modify Policy and Regulation 1581 to create additional protocols to protect victims of domestic violence, but may not modify in a way that reduces or compromises the safeguards and processes set in the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy.

B. The New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act – (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. - NJ SAFE Act)

The New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. (NJ SAFE Act), is a law that provides employment protection for victims of domestic or sexual violence. Any employee of an employer in the State of New Jersey as defined in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-2, who was a victim of an incident of domestic violence as defined in



ADMINISTRATION 1581/page 3 of 4 Victim of Domestic or Sexual Violence Leave

N.J.S.A. 2C:25-19, or a sexually violent offense as defined in N.J.S.A. 30:4-27.26, or whose parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship, was a victim shall be entitled to unpaid leave of no more than twenty days in one twelve-month period, to be used in the twelve-month period next following any incident of domestic violence or any sexually violent offense as provided in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.

The unpaid leave may be taken intermittently in intervals of no less than one day, as needed for the purpose of engaging in the activities outlined in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B.3.a.(1)-(6) as they relate to the incident of domestic violence or sexually violent offense as outlined in Regulation 1581 - Section B.3.b.

An eligible employee may elect to use any accrued paid vacation leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave of the employee, or any family temporary disability leave benefits provided pursuant to N.J.S.A. 43:21-27 during any part of the twenty-day period of unpaid leave provided under N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.a.

Prior to taking the leave provided for in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B., an employee shall, if the necessity for the leave is foreseeable, provide the employer with written notice of the need for the leave, unless an emergency or other unforeseen circumstance precludes prior notice. The notice shall be provided to the employer as far in advance as is reasonable and practical under the circumstances.

Nothing contained in the NJ SAFE Act (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq.) and Regulation 1581 - Section B., shall be construed to prohibit an employer from requiring that a period of leave provided pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B. be supported by the employee with documentation of the domestic violence or sexually violent offense which is the basis for the leave. If the employer requires documentation, the employee shall be regarded as having provided sufficient documentation if the employee provides supporting documentation outlined in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.c and Regulation 1581 – Section B.3.d.



ADMINISTRATION
1581/page 4 of 4
Victim of Domestic or Sexual Violence Leave

An employer shall display conspicuous notice of its employees' rights and obligations pursuant to the provisions of the NJ SAFE Act.

An employer shall not discharge, harass, or otherwise discriminate, retaliate, or threaten to discharge, harass, or otherwise discriminate or retaliate against an employee with respect to the compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment on the basis that the employee took or requested any leave to which the employee was entitled pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 of the NJ SAFE Act or on the basis that the employee refused to authorize the release of information deemed confidential pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.f of the NJ SAFE Act.

Upon a violation of any of the provisions N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 or N.J.S.A. 34:11C-4, an employee or former employee may institute a civil action in the Superior Court for relief. All remedies available in common law tort actions shall be available to a prevailing plaintiff. The Court may also order any or all of the relief outlined in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-5. An action brought under N.J.S.A. 34:11C-5 shall be commenced within one year of the date of the alleged violation. A private cause of action provided for in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-5 shall be the sole remedy for a violation of the NJ SAFE Act.

N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. New Jersey Civil Service Commission's Uniform Domestic Violence Policy

Adopted:



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 1 of 20 Domestic Violence Mar 20 M

[See POLICY ALERT No. 219]

R 1581 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Policy and Regulation 1581 - Section A. sets forth the New Jersey Civil Service Commission's (Civil Service Commission) Uniform Domestic Violence Policy that all public employers shall adopt and distribute to all their employees in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a. The purpose of the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy is to encourage public employees who are victims of domestic violence, and those impacted by domestic violence, to seek assistance from their public employer's human resources officer(s) and provide a standard for a public employer's human resources officer(s) to follow when responding to employees.

Policy and Regulation 1581 – Section B. provides employment protection for employees of those employers as defined in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-2, who are victims of domestic violence or sexual violence in accordance with the provisions of the New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act (NJ SAFE Act) - N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq.

A. Uniform Domestic Violence Policy (N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a)

1. Definitions

The following terms are defined solely for the purposes of N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a and Policy and Regulation 1581:

"Domestic Violence" - Acts or threatened acts, that are used by a perpetrator to gain power and control over a current or former spouse, family member, household member, intimate partner, someone the perpetrator dated, or person with whom the perpetrator shares a child in common or anticipates having a child in common if one of the parties is pregnant. Domestic violence includes, but is not limited to the following: physical violence; injury; intimidation; sexual violence or abuse; emotional and/or psychological intimidation; verbal abuse; threats; harassment; cyber harassment; stalking; economic abuse or control; damaging property to intimidate or attempt to control the behavior of a person in a relationship with the perpetrator; strangulation; or abuse of animals or pets.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 2 of 20 Domestic Violence

"Abuser/Perpetrator" - An individual who commits or threatens to commit an act of domestic violence, including unwarranted violence against individuals and animals. Other abusive behaviors and forms of violence can include the following: bullying, humiliating, isolating, intimidating, harassing, stalking, or threatening the victim, disturbing someone's peace, or destroying someone's property.

"Human Resources Officer (HRO)" - An employee of a public employer with a human resources job title, or its equivalent, who is responsible for orienting, training, counseling, and appraising staff. Persons designated by the employer as the primary or secondary contact to assist employees in reporting domestic violence incidents.

"Intimate Partner" - Partners of any sexual orientation or preference who have been legally married or formerly married to one another, have a child or children in common, or anticipate having a child in common if one party is pregnant. Intimate partner also includes those who live together or have lived together, as well as persons who are dating or have dated in the past.

"Temporary Restraining Order (TRO)" - A civil court order issued by a judge to protect the life, health, or well-being of a victim. TROs can prohibit domestic violence offenders from having contact with victims, either in person or through any means of communication, including third parties. TROs also can prohibit offenders from a victim's home and workplace. A violation of a TRO may be a criminal offense. A TRO will last approximately ten business days, or until a court holds a hearing to determine if a Final Restraining Order (FRO) is needed. In New Jersey, there is no expiration of a FRO.

"Victim" - A person who is eighteen years of age or older or who is an emancipated minor and who has been subjected to domestic violence by a spouse, former spouse, or any other person who is a present household member or was at any time a household member. A victim of domestic violence is also any person,



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 3 of 20 Domestic Violence

regardless of age, who has been subjected to domestic violence by one of the following factors: a person with whom the victim has a child in common; a person with whom the victim anticipates having a child in common, if one of the parties is pregnant; and a person with whom the victim has had a dating relationship.

"Workplace-Related Incidents" - Incidents of domestic violence, sexual violence, dating violence, and stalking, including acts, attempted acts, or threatened acts by or against employees, the families of employees, and/or their property, that imperil the safety, well-being, or productivity of any person associated with a public employee in the State of New Jersey, regardless of whether the act occurred in or outside the organization's physical workplace. An employee is considered to be in the workplace while in or using the resources of the employer. This includes, but is not limited to: facilities; work sites; equipment; vehicles; or while on work-related travel.

2. Persons Covered Under N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a and Policy and Regulation 1581

All New Jersey public employees are covered under N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a and Policy and Regulation 1581 – Section A. A State of New Jersey public employer is any State, county, municipality, school district, or other political subdivision thereof, and any agency, authority, or instrumentality of the foregoing. Casual/seasonal employees, interns, volunteers, and temporary employees of any public employer at any workplace location are also covered under N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a and Regulation 1581 – Section A.

- 3. Responsibility of Employer to Designate a Human Resources Officer (HRO)
 - a. All public employers shall designate an HRO to assist employees who are victims of domestic violence.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 4 of 20 Domestic Violence

- b. The designated HRO must receive training on responding to and assisting employees who are domestic violence victims in accordance with Policy and Regulation 1581 Section A. Should the HRO be unavailable at any time, the employer must designate a secondary HRO, who must also be appropriately trained to respond and assist domestic violence victims pursuant to Policy and Regulation 1581.
- c. Managers and supervisors are often aware of circumstances involving an employee who is experiencing domestic violence. Managers and supervisors are required to refer any employee who is experiencing domestic violence or who report witnessing domestic violence to the designated HRO. Managers and supervisors must maintain confidentiality, to the extent possible, and be sensitive, compassionate, and respectful to the needs of persons who are victims of domestic violence.
 - (1) The name and contact information of the designated HRO must be provided to all employees.
- d. Policy and Regulation 1581 Section A. does not supersede applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report.
 - (1) For example, if there is any indication a child may also be a victim, reporting is mandatory to the Department of Children and Families, Child Protection and Permanency, under N.J.S.A. 9:6-8.13.
- 4. Domestic Violence Reporting Procedure
 - a. Employees who are victims of domestic violence are encouraged to seek immediate assistance from their HRO.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 5 of 20 Domestic Violence

- b. Employees who have information about or witness an act of domestic violence against an employee are encouraged to report that information to the designated HRO, unless the employee is required to report the domestic violence pursuant to applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report, in which case the employee must report to the appropriate authority in addition to reporting to the designated HRO.
- c. Nothing in Policy and Regulation 1581 Section A. shall preclude an employee from contacting 911 in emergency situations. HROs shall remind employees to contact 911 if they feel they are in immediate danger.
- d. Each designated HRO shall:
 - (1) Immediately respond to an employee upon request and provide a safe and confidential location to allow the employee to discuss the circumstances surrounding the domestic violence incident and the request for assistance.
 - (2) Determine whether there is an imminent and emergent need to contact 911 and/or local law enforcement.
 - (3) Provide the employee with resource information and a confidential telephone line to make necessary calls for services for emergent intervention and supportive services, when appropriate. The HRO or the employee can contact the appropriate Employee Assistance Program to assist with securing resources and confidential services.
 - (4) Refer the employee to the provisions and protections of the New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. (NJ SAFE Act), referenced in Regulation 1581 Section B.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 6 of 20 Domestic Violence

- (5) In cases where domestic violence involved a sexual touching or sexual assault between State employees, the HRO is also required to report the incident to their agency's Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Officer or Title IX Officer, as appropriate.
- (6) If there is a report of sexual assault or abuse, the victim should be offered the services of the New Jersey State Sexual Assault Response Team.
- (7) Maintain the confidentiality of the employee and all parties involved, to the extent practical and appropriate under the circumstances, pursuant to A.5, below.
- (8) Upon the employee's consent, the employee may provide the HRO with copies of any TROs, FROs, and/or civil restraint agreements that pertain to restraints in the work place and ensure that security personnel are aware of the names of individuals who are prohibited from appearing at the work location while the employee who sought the restraining order is present. All copies of TROs and FROs must be kept in a separate confidential personnel file.

5. Confidentiality Policy

- a. In responding to reports of domestic violence, the HRO shall seek to maintain confidentiality to protect an employee making a report of, witnessing, or experiencing domestic violence, to the extent practical and appropriate under the circumstances and allowed by law.
- b. No provision of Policy and Regulation 1581 Section A. shall supersede applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 7 of 20 Domestic Violence

- c. Policy 1581 and Regulation 1581 Section A.5. shall not prevent disclosure where to do so would result in physical harm to any person or jeopardize safety within the workplace.
 - (1) When information must be disclosed to protect the safety of individuals in the workplace, the HRO shall limit the breadth and content of such disclosure to information reasonably necessary to protect the safety of the disclosing employee and others and comply with the law.
 - (2) The HRO shall provide advance notice to the employee who disclosed information, to the extent possible, if the disclosure must be shared with other parties in order to maintain safety in the workplace or elsewhere.
 - (3) The HRO shall also provide the employee with the name and title of the person to whom they intend to provide the employee's statement and shall explain the necessity and purpose regarding the disclosure.
 - (a) For example, if the substance of the disclosure presents a threat to employees, then law enforcement will be alerted immediately.
- d. Policy 1581 and Regulation 1581 Section A. does not supersede applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General directives and guidelines where mandatory reporting is required by the appointing authority or a specific class of employees.
- 6. Confidentiality of Employee Records
 - a. To ensure confidentiality and accuracy of information Policy and Regulation 1581 Section A.6. requires the HRO to keep all documents and reports of domestic violence in a confidential personnel file separate from the employee's other personnel records.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 8 of 20 Domestic Violence

- b. These records shall be considered personnel records and shall not be government records available for public access under the Open Public Records Act. See N.J.S.A. 47:1A-10.
- 7. Public Employer Domestic Violence Action Plan
 - a. Public employers in the State of New Jersey shall develop an action plan to identify, respond to, and correct employee performance issues that are caused by domestic violence, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a, and in accordance with the following guidelines:
 - (1) Designate an HRO with responsibilities pursuant to A.3. and A.4. above.
 - (2) Recognize that an employee may need an accommodation as the employee may experience temporary difficulty fulfilling job responsibilities.
 - (3) Provide reasonable accommodations to ensure the employee's safety. Reasonable accommodations may include, but are not limited to, the following: implementation of safety measures; transfer or reassignment; modified work schedule; change in work telephone number or work-station location; assistance in documenting the violence occurring in the workplace; an implemented safety procedure; or other accommodation approved by the employer.
 - (4) Advise the employee of information concerning the NJ SAFE Act; Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA); or Family Leave Act (FLA); Temporary Disability Insurance (TDI); or Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA); or other reasonable flexible leave options when an employee, or his or her child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner, or other relationships as defined in applicable statutes is a victim of domestic violence.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 9 of 20 Domestic Violence

- (5) Commit to adherence of the provisions of the NJ SAFE Act, including that the employer will not retaliate against, terminate, or discipline any employee for reporting information about incidents of domestic violence, as defined in Policy and Regulation 1581 Section A., if the victim provides notice to their human resources office of the status or if the human resources office has reason to believe an employee is a victim of domestic violence.
- (6) Advise any employee, who believes he or she has been subjected to adverse action as a result of making a report pursuant to Policy and Regulation 1581 Section B. of the civil right of action under the NJ SAFE Act.
 - (a) Advise any employee to contact their designated Labor Relations Officer, Conscientious Employees Protection Act (CEPA) Officer, and/or Equal Employment Opportunity Officer in the event they believe the adverse action is a violation of their collective bargaining agreement, the Conscientious Employees Protection Act, or the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination and corresponding policies.
- (7) Employers, their designated HRO, and employees should familiarize themselves with Policy and Regulation 1581. Policy and Regulation 1581 shall be provided to all employees upon Board approval and to all new employees upon hiring.
 - (8) Information and resources about domestic violence are encouraged to be placed in visible areas, such as restrooms, cafeterias, breakrooms, and where other resource information is located.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 10 of 20 Domestic Violence

8. Resources

Resources and program information will be readily available to assist victims of domestic violence. These resources should be provided by the designated HRO to any victim of domestic violence at the time of reporting.

9. Distribution of Policy

The Civil Service Commission and the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs shall distribute a Uniform Domestic Violence Policy, and any modifications thereto, to public employers. The Director of the Division of Local Government Services shall release Local Finance Notices setting forth any changes to the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy, as changes occur.

10. Other Applicable Requirements

In addition to Policy and Regulation 1581, the HRO and the public employer's appointing authority, if applicable, must follow all applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, and New Jersey Attorney General directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report. Additionally, to the extent that the procedures set forth in Policy and Regulation 1581 conflict with collective negotiated agreements or with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the provisions of the negotiated agreements and the provisions of FERPA control.

11. Policy Modification and Review

- a. A public employer may seek to modify Policy and Regulation 1581 to create additional protocols to protect victims of domestic violence, but may not modify in a way that reduces or compromises the safeguards and processes set out in the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy.
- b. The Civil Service Commission will review and modify their Uniform Domestic Violence Policy periodically and as needed.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 11 of 20 Domestic Violence

12. Policy Enforceability

The provisions of the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy are intended to be implemented by the Civil Service Commission. These provisions do not create any promises or rights that may be enforced by any persons or entities.

13. Policy Inquiries and Effective Date

Any questions concerning the interpretation or implementation of the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy shall be addressed to the Chair/Chief Executive Officer of the Civil Service Commission, or their designee. The Uniform Domestic Violence Policy and Policy and Regulation 1581 shall be enforceable upon the HRO's completion of training on the Uniform Domestic Violence Policy and Policy and Regulation 1581.

B. NJ SAFE Act – (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq.)

- 1. The New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1, et seq. (NJ SAFE Act), is a law that provides employment protection for victims of domestic or sexual violence.
- 2. Definitions (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-2)

The following terms are defined solely for the purpose of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. - NJ SAFE Act:

"Employee" means a person who is employed for at least twelve months by an employer, with respect to whom benefits are sought under the NJ SAFE Act, for not less than 1,000 base hours during the immediately preceding twelve-month period. Any time, up to a maximum of ninety calendar days, during which a person is laid off or furloughed by an employer due to that employer curtailing operations because of a state of emergency declared after October 22, 2012, shall be regarded as time in which the person is employed for the purpose of determining eligibility for leave time under the NJ SAFE Act. In making the determination, the base hours per week during the layoff or furlough shall be deemed to be the same as the average number of hours worked per week during the rest of the twelve-month period.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 12 of 20 Domestic Violence

"Employer" means a person or corporation, partnership, individual proprietorship, joint venture, firm or company, or other similar legal entity which engages the services of an employee and employs twenty-five or more employees for each working day during each of twenty or more calendar work weeks in the then current or immediately preceding calendar year. "Employer" includes the State, any political subdivision thereof, and all public offices, agencies, boards, or bodies.

"State of emergency" means a natural or man-made disaster or emergency for which a state of emergency has been declared by the President of the United States or the Governor, or for which a state of emergency has been declared by a municipal emergency management coordinator.

- 3. Regulations Relative to Unpaid Leave for Employees and Family Members Affected by Certain Offenses (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3)
 - a. Any employee of an employer in the State of New Jersey who was a victim of an incident of domestic violence as defined in N.J.S.A. 2C:25-19, or a sexually violent offense as defined in N.J.S.A. 30:4-27.26, or whose parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship, was a victim shall be entitled to unpaid leave of no more than twenty days in one twelve-month period, to be used in the twelve-month period next following any incident of domestic violence or any sexually violent offense as provided in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.

For purposes of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B.3., each incident of domestic violence or any sexually violent offense shall constitute a separate offense for which an employee is entitled to unpaid leave, provided that the employee has not exhausted the allotted twenty days for the twelve-month period.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 13 of 20 Domestic Violence

The unpaid leave may be taken intermittently in intervals of no less than one day, as needed for the purpose of engaging in any of the following activities as they relate to the incident of domestic violence or sexually violent offense:

- (1) Seeking medical attention for, or recovering from, physical or psychological injuries caused by domestic or sexual violence to the employee or the employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship;
 - (2) Obtaining services from a victim services organization for the employee or the employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship;
 - Obtaining psychological or other counseling for the employee or the employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship;

ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 14 of 20 Domestic Violence

- (4) Participating in safety planning, temporarily or permanently relocating, or taking other actions to increase the safety of the employee or the employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship, from future domestic or sexual violence or to ensure economic security;
- (5) Seeking legal assistance or remedies to ensure the health and safety of the employee or the employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner, individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship, including preparing for, or participating in, any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to or derived from domestic or sexual violence; or
- (6) Attending, participating in, or preparing for a criminal or civil court proceeding relating to an incident of domestic or sexual violence of which the employee or the employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship, was a victim.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 15 of 20 Domestic Violence

b. An eligible employee may elect to use any accrued paid vacation leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave of the employee, or any family temporary disability leave benefits provided pursuant to N.J.S.A. 43:21-27 during any part of the twenty-day period of unpaid leave provided under N.J.S.A 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B.3.a.

In such case, any paid leave provided by the employer, and accrued pursuant to established policies of the employer, or family temporary disability leave benefits, shall run concurrently with the unpaid leave provided under N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.a and Regulation 1581 - Section B.3.a. and, accordingly, the employee shall receive pay pursuant to the employer's applicable paid leave policy, or family temporary disability leave benefits, during the period of otherwise unpaid leave. If an employee requests leave for a reason covered by both N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.a and the "Family Leave Act," N.J.S.A. 34:11B-1 et seq. or the Federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," 29 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq., the leave shall count simultaneously against the employee's entitlement under each respective law.

Leave granted under N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B. shall not conflict with any rights pursuant to the "Family Leave Act," the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," N.J.S.A. 43:21-25 et al, or the Federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993."

c. Prior to taking the leave provided for in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B.3.a., an employee shall, if the necessity for the leave is foreseeable, provide the employer with written notice of the need for the leave, unless an emergency or other unforeseen circumstance precludes prior notice. The notice shall be provided to the employer as far in advance as is reasonable and practical under the circumstances.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 16 of 20 Domestic Violence

d. Nothing contained in the NJ SAFE Act (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq.) and Regulation 1581 - Section B. shall be construed to prohibit an employer from requiring that a period of leave provided pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 - Section B. be supported by the employee with documentation of the domestic violence or sexually violent offense which is the basis for the leave.

If the employer requires the documentation, the employee shall be regarded as having provided sufficient documentation if the employee provides one or more of the following:

- (1) A domestic violence restraining order or other documentation of equitable relief issued by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (2) A letter or other written documentation from the county or municipal prosecutor documenting the domestic violence or sexually violent offense;
- (3) Documentation of the conviction of a person for the domestic violence or sexually violent offense;
- (4) Medical documentation of the domestic violence or sexually violent offense;
- (5) Certification from a certified Domestic Violence Specialist or the director of a designated domestic violence agency or Rape Crisis Center, that the employee or employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship, is a victim of domestic violence or a sexually violent offense; or



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 17 of 20 Domestic Violence

(6) Other documentation or certification of the domestic violence or sexually violent offense provided by a social worker, member of the clergy, shelter worker, or other professional who has assisted the employee or employee's parent-in-law, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship, in dealing with the domestic violence or sexually violent offenses.

For the purpose of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.c and Regulation 1581 - Section B.3.d.:

- (1) "Certified Domestic Violence Specialist" means a person who has fulfilled the requirements of certification as a Domestic Violence Specialist established by the New Jersey Association of Domestic Violence Professionals;
- (2) "Designated Domestic Violence Agency" means a county-wide organization with a primary purpose to provide services to victims of domestic violence, and which provides services that conform to the core domestic violence services profile as defined by the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families and is under contract with the Division for the express purpose of providing the services.
- (3) "Rape Crisis Center" means an office, institution, or center offering assistance to victims of sexual offenses through crisis intervention, medical and legal information, and follow-up counseling.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 18 of 20 Domestic Violence

- e. An employer shall display conspicuous notice of its employees' rights and obligations pursuant to the provisions of the NJ SAFE Act, in such form and manner as the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall prescribe, and use other appropriate means to keep its employees so informed.
- f. No provision of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. and Policy and Regulation 1581 Section B. shall be construed as requiring or permitting an employer to reduce employment benefits provided by the employer or required by a collective bargaining agreement which are in excess of those required by the NJ SAFE Act. Nor shall any provision of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. and Policy and Regulation 1581 Section B. be construed to prohibit the negotiation and provision through collective bargaining agreements of leave policies or benefit programs which provide benefits in excess of those required by the NJ SAFE Act. N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.e and Regulation 1581 Section B.3.f. shall apply irrespective of the date that a collective bargaining agreement takes effect.

Nothing contained in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. and Policy and Regulation 1581 – Section B. shall be construed as permitting an employer to:

- (1) Rescind or reduce any employment benefit accrued prior to the date on which the leave taken pursuant to the NJ SAFE Act commenced; or
- (2) Rescind or reduce any employment benefit, unless the rescission or reduction of the benefit is based on changes that would have occurred if an employee continued to work without taking the leave provided pursuant to Regulation 1581 Section B.3.a.



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 19 of 20 Domestic Violence

- g. All information provided to an employer pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.c and Regulation 1581 Section B.3.d. above and any information regarding a leave taken pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.c and any failure of an employee to return to work, shall be retained in the strictest confidentiality, unless the disclosure is voluntarily authorized in writing by the employee or is required by a Federal or State law, rule, or regulation.
- 4. Certain Actions by Employer Prohibited (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-4)

An employer shall not discharge, harass, or otherwise discriminate, retaliate, or threaten to discharge, harass, or otherwise discriminate or retaliate against an employee with respect to the compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment on the basis that the employee took or requested any leave to which the employee was entitled pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 of the NJ SAFE Act and Regulation 1581 – Section B.3. or on the basis that the employee refused to authorize the release of information deemed confidential pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3.f and Regulation 1581 – Section B.3.g.

- 5. Violations; Penalties (N.J.S.A. 34:11C-5)
 - a. Upon a violation of any of the provisions of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 and Regulation 1581 Section B.3., or N.J.S.A. 34:11C-4 and Regulation 1581 Section B.4., an employee or former employee may institute a civil action in the Superior Court for relief. All remedies available in common law tort actions shall be available to a prevailing plaintiff. The Court may also order any or all of the following relief:
 - (1) An assessment of a civil fine of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$2,000 for the first violation of any of the provisions of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 or N.J.S.A. 34:11C-4 and not more than \$5,000 for each subsequent violation;



ADMINISTRATION R 1581/page 20 of 20 Domestic Violence

- (2) An injunction to restrain the continued violation of any of the provisions of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-3 or N.J.S.A. 34:11C-4;
- (3) Reinstatement of the employee to the same position or to a position equivalent to that which the employee held prior to unlawful discharge or retaliatory action;
- (4) Reinstatement of full fringe benefits and seniority rights;
- (5) Compensation for any lost wages, benefits, and other remuneration;
- (6) Payment of reasonable costs and attorney's fees.
- b. An action brought under N.J.S.A. 34:11C-5 shall be commenced within one year of the date of the alleged violation.
- c. A private cause of action provided for in N.J.S.A. 34:11C-5 shall be the sole remedy for a violation of N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq.

Adopted:



PROGRAM 2422/page 1 of 4 Health and Physical Education Mar 20 M

[See POLICY ALERT Nos. 102, 139, 161, 172, 208, 217 and 219]

2422 HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION

The Board of Education requires all students to participate in a comprehensive, sequential, health and physical education program aligned with the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS) that emphasizes the natural interdisciplinary connection between wellness and health and physical education. The primary focus of the NJSLS is the development of knowledge and skills that influence healthy behaviors within the context of self, family, school, and the local and global community.

The NJSLS incorporate New Jersey statutes related to health and well-being of students in New Jersey schools. The following statutes incorporated into the NJSLS include, but are not limited to, the following requirements:

- 1. Accident and Fire Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:6-2) requires regular courses of instruction in accident and fire prevention.
- 2. Breast Self-Examination (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5.4) requires offering instruction on breast self-examination for students in grades seven through twelve.
- 3. Bullying Prevention Programs (N.J.S.A. 18A:37-17) requires the establishment of bullying prevention programs.
- 4. Cancer Awareness (N.J.S.A. 18A:40-33) requires the development of a school program on cancer awareness by the Commissioner of Education.
- 5: Dating Violence Education (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.23a) requires instruction regarding dating violence in grades seven through twelve.
- 6. Domestic Violence Education (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.23) allows instruction on problems related to domestic violence and child abuse.



PROGRAM 2422/page 2 of 4 Health and Physical Education

- 7. Gang Violence Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.26) requires instruction in gang violence prevention for elementary school students.
- 8. Health, Safety, and Physical Education (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5) requires that all students in grades one through twelve participate in at least two and one-half hours of health, safety, and physical education each school week.
- 9. Drugs, Alcohol, Tobacco, Controlled Dangerous Substances, and Anabolic Steroids (N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-1) requires instructional programs on drugs, alcohol, anabolic steroids, tobacco, and controlled dangerous substances and the development of curriculum guidelines for each grade Kindergarten through twelve.
- 10. Lyme Disease Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5.1 through 5.3) requires the development of Lyme Disease curriculum guidelines and training to all teaching staff members who instruct students with Lyme Disease.
- 11. Organ Donation (N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-4.3) requires information relative to organ donation to be given to students in grades nine through twelve.
- 12. Sexual Assault Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.3) requires the development of a sexual assault prevention education program by the Commissioner of Education for utilization by school districts.
- 13. Stress Abstinence (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.19 through N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.22), also known as the "AIDS Prevention Act of 1999," requires sex education programs to stress abstinence.
- 14. Suicide Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:6-111 through 113) requires instruction in suicide prevention in public schools.
- 15. Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)/Automated External Defibrillator (AED) (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.28 and 18A:35-4.29) requires public high schools and charter schools to provide instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator to each student prior to graduation.



PROGRAM 2422/page 3 of 4 Health and Physical Education

- 16. Sexually Explicit Images through Electronic Means (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.32 and 4.33) requires instruction, once during middle school, on the social, emotional, and legal consequences of distributing and soliciting sexually explicit images through electronic means.
- 17. History of Disabled and LGBT Persons (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35 and 4.36) requires instruction on the political, economic, and social contributions of persons with disabilities and lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people for middle and high school students.
- 18. Financial Literacy (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.34) requires instruction with basic financial literacy necessary for sound financial decision-making in each of the grades six through eight.
- 179. Other Statutory or Administrative Codes. The Board will incorporate into its health and physical education curriculum any other requirements of the NJSLS in Comprehensive Health and Physical Education.

In accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.7, any student whose parent presents to the Principal a signed statement that any part of the instruction in health, family life education, or sex education is in conflict with his/her conscience or sincerely held moral or religious beliefs shall be excused from that portion of the course where such instruction is being given and no penalties as to credit or graduation shall result.

The Board of Education must provide two and one-half hours of health, safety, and physical education courses in each school week, or proportionately less when holidays fall within the week. Recess period(s) shall not be used to meet the requirements of N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5, 7, and 8.

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.31, the Board of Education shall provide a daily recess period of at least twenty minutes for students in grades Kindergarten through five. A recess period is not required on a school day in which the day is substantially shortened due to a delayed opening or early dismissal. The recess period shall be outdoors, if feasible. A student shall not be denied recess for any reason, except as a consequence of a violation of the school district's Code of



PROGRAM 2422/page 4 of 4 Health and Physical Education

Student Conduct, including a harassment, intimidation, or bullying (HIB) investigation pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:37-13 et seq. Students may not be denied recess more than twice per week for a violation of the Code of Student Conduct or HIB investigation and these students shall be provided restorative justice activities during the recess period. Restorative justice activities are defined as activities designed to improve the socioemotional and behavioral responses of students through the use of more appropriate and less punitive interventions thereby establishing a more supportive and inclusive school culture. The student's recess period should be scheduled in a manner that does not interfere with the implementation of a student's Individualized Education Program (IEP). School staff may deny recess for a student on the advice of a medical professional, school nurse, or the provisions of a student's IEP and/or 504 Plan.

A copy of the NJSLS for Comprehensive Health and Physical Education and all related curriculum/course guides and instructional material shall be available for public inspection in each school.

N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.31;18A:35-5; 18A:35-7; 18A:35-8

Adopted:



TEACHING-STAFF MEMBERS 3421.13/page 1 of 2 Postnatal Accommodations Mar 20

[See POLICY ALERT No. 219]

3421.13 POSTNATAL ACCOMMODATIONS

The Board of Education recognizes teaching staff members may be returning to work shortly after their child's birth and may need to express breast milk during the workday. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) amended Section 7 of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) for nursing mothers to be permitted reasonable break times and a private location to express breast milk for their nursing child for one year after the child's birth.

Every employee position in the school district is designated as either "non-exempt" or "exempt" by the provisions of the FLSA. Generally, a teaching staff member entitled to overtime pay is designated as "non-exempt." A teaching staff member that performs duties that are executive, administrative, or professional in nature and not entitled to overtime pay is designated "exempt." The school district administration shall refer to the comprehensive definitions of "exempt" and "non-exempt" as outlined in 29 C.F.R. 541 et seq. in determining an employee's designation.

A Board of Education is required to provide reasonable break times to non-exempt teaching staff members to express breast milk for their nursing child. The non-exempt teaching staff member shall coordinate such breaks with their immediate supervisor. The non-exempt teaching staff member will not receive compensation during this break time unless the break time is during a non-exempt teaching staff member's compensated break time.

A Board of Education is not required under the FLSA to provide such breaks to exempt teaching staff members. However, exempt teaching staff members may take such breaks provided the breaks are coordinated with their immediate supervisor. If this break is taken during the exempt teaching staff member's duty free lunch period or duty free break period during the workday, the exempt teaching staff member will not be reduced in compensation.

The Principal or the nursing mother's immediate supervisor, in consultation with the school nurse, will designate a lactation room that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from co-workers and the public. The location must be functional as a space for expressing breast milk and shall include an electrical outlet, a chair, and nearby access to running water. If the space is not dedicated to



TEACHING STAFF MEMBERS 3421.13/page 2 of 2 Postnatal Accommodations

the nursing mother's use, it must be available when needed. A space temporarily converted into a lactation room or made available when needed by a nursing mother is sufficient; however, a bathroom, even if private, is not a permissible location under the FLSA.

All exempt and non-exempt teaching staff members are required to sign-out of work to begin the break to express breast milk and shall sign-in when they return to work after the break. The break shall be for a reasonable amount of time. For compensation purposes, the immediate supervisor shall forward all sign-in and sign-out information relative to break times for nursing mothers under the FLSA to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.

Fair Labor Standards Act – 29 U.S.C. 201 et seq. Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act – P.L. 111-148 N.J.S.A. 26:4C-1 through 26:4C-3

Adopted:



SUPPORT STAFF MEMBERS 4421.13/page 1 of 2 Postnatal Accommodations Mar 20

[See POLICY ALERT No. 219]

4421.13 POSTNATAL ACCOMMODATIONS

The Board of Education recognizes support staff members may be returning to work shortly after their child's birth and may need to express breast milk during the workday. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) amended Section 7 of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) for nursing mothers to be permitted reasonable break times and a private location to express breast milk for their nursing child for one year after the child's birth.

Every employee position in the school district is designated as either "non-exempt" or "exempt" by the provisions of the FLSA. Generally, a support staff member entitled to overtime pay is designated as "non-exempt." A support staff member that performs duties that are executive, administrative, or professional in nature and not entitled to overtime pay is designated "exempt." The school district administration shall refer to the comprehensive definitions of "exempt" and "non-exempt" as outlined in 29 C.F.R. 541 et seq. in determining an employee's designation.

A Board of Education is required to provide reasonable break times to non-exempt support staff members to express breast milk for their nursing child. The non-exempt support staff member shall coordinate such breaks with their immediate supervisor. The non-exempt support staff member will not receive compensation during this break time unless the break time is during a non-exempt support staff member's compensated break time.

A Board of Education is not required under the FLSA to provide such breaks to exempt support staff members. However, exempt support staff members may take such breaks provided the breaks are coordinated with their immediate supervisor. If this break is taken during the exempt support staff member's duty free lunch period or duty free break period during the workday, the exempt support staff member will not be reduced in compensation.

The Principal or the nursing mother's immediate supervisor, in consultation with the school nurse, will designate a lactation room that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from co-workers and the public. The location must be functional as a space for expressing breast milk and shall include an electrical outlet, a chair, and nearby access to running water. If the space is not dedicated to



SUPPORT STAFF MEMBERS 4421.13/page 2 of 2 Postnatal Accommodations

the nursing mother's use, it must be available when needed. A space temporarily converted into a lactation room or made available when needed by a nursing mother is sufficient; however, a bathroom, even if private, is not a permissible location under the FLSA.

All exempt and non-exempt support staff members are required to sign-out of work to begin the break to express breast milk and shall sign-in when they return to work after the break. The break shall be for a reasonable amount of time. For compensation purposes, the immediate supervisor shall forward all sign-in and sign-out information relative to break times for nursing mothers under the FLSA to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.

Fair Labor Standards Act – 29 U.S.C. 201 et seq. Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act – P.L. 111-148 N.J.S.A. 26:4C-1 through 26:4C-3

Adopted:



STUDENTS 5330/page 1 of 3 Administration of Medication Mar 20

[See POLICY ALERT Nos. 125, 133, 144, 145, 157, 173, 179, 206 and 219]

5330 ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION

The Board of Education disclaims any and all responsibility for the diagnosis and treatment of an illness of any student. However, in order for many students with chronic health conditions and disabilities to remain in school, medication may have to be administered during school hours. Parents are encouraged to administer medications to children at home whenever possible as medication should be administered in school only when necessary for the health and safety of students. The Board will permit the administration of medication in school in accordance with applicable law.

Medication will only be administered to students in school by the school physician, a certified or noncertified school nurse, a substitute school nurse employed by the district, the student's parent, a student who is approved to self-administer in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3 and 12.4, and school employees who have been trained and designated by the certified school nurse to administer epinephrine and hydrocortisone sodium succinate in an emergency pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5, and 12.6, 12.29, and 12.30.

Self-administration of medication by a student for asthma or other potentially life-threatening illnesses, or a life threatening allergic reaction, or adrenal insufficiency is permitted in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3.

Medication no longer required must be promptly removed by the parent.

The school nurse shall have the primary responsibility for the administration of epinephrine and hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student. However, the eertified school nurse may designate, in consultation with the Board or the Superintendent, additional employees of the district who volunteer to be trained in the administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism and the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate using standardized training protocols established by the New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior Services when the school nurse is not physically present at the scene.



STUDENTS 5330/page 2 of 3 Administration of Medication

In accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6.d, no school employee, including a school nurse or any other officer or agent of a Board of Education or a physician or an advanced practice nurse providing a prescription under a standing protocol for school epinephrine pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5 and/or hydrocortisone sodium succinate pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.29, shall be held liable for any good faith act or omission consistent with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5 and N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.29, nor shall any action before the New Jersey State Board of Nursing lie against a school nurse for any such action taken by a person designated in good faith by the school nurse pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6.d and N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.33. Good faith shall not include willful misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness.

The school nurse or designee shall be promptly available on site at the school and at school-sponsored functions in the event of an allergic reaction or an emergency requiring the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate. In addition, the parent must be informed that the school district, its employees and agents shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of epinephrine or hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student.

The parent of the student must sign a statement acknowledging their understanding the district shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of the epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism or the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student. and In addition, the parent shall indemnify and hold harmless the district and its employees or agents against any claims arising out of the administration of the epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism or the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student.

The permission for the emergency administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism containing epinephrine to students for anaphylaxis and/or the emergency administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate for adrenal insufficiency is effective for the school year it is granted and must be renewed for each subsequent school year.



STUDENTS 5330/page 3 of 3 Administration of Medication

Each school in the district shall have and maintain for the use of students at least one nebulizer in the office of the school nurse or a similar accessible location. Each certified school nurse or other persons authorized to administer asthma medication will receive training in airway management and in the use of nebulizers and inhalers consistent with State Department of Education NJDOE regulations. Every student that is authorized to use self-administered asthma medication pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3 or a nebulizer must have an asthma treatment plan prepared by the student's physician which shall identify, at a minimum, asthma triggers, the treatment plan, and other such elements as required by the State Board of Education.

All student medications shall be appropriately maintained and secured by the school nurse, except those medications to be self-administered by students. In those instances the medication may be retained by the student with the prior knowledge of the school nurse. The school nurse may provide the Principal and other teaching staff members concerned with the student's educational progress with such information about the medication and its administration as may be in the student's best educational interests. The school nurse may report to the school physician any student who appears to be affected adversely by the administration of medication and may recommend to the Principal the student's exclusion pursuant to law.

The school nurse shall document each instance of the administration of medication to a student. Students self-administering medication shall report each incident to a teacher, coach, or other individual designated by the school nurse who is supervising the student during the school activity when the student self-administers. These designated individuals shall report such incidents to the school nurse within twenty-four hours of the self-administration of medication. The school nurse shall preserve records and documentation regarding the self-administration of medication in the student's health file.

N.J.S.A. 18A:6-1.1; 18A:40-3.1; 18A:40-6; 18A:40-7; 18A:40-12.3; 18A:40-12.4; 18A:40-12.5; 18A:40-12.6; 18A:40-12.7; 18A:40-12.8; **18A:40-12.29 through 12.33**N.J.S.A. 45:11-23
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.3(b)





.

STUDENTS R 5330/page 1 of 17 Administration of Medication Mar 20 M

[See POLICY ALERT Nos. 125, 133, 144, 145, 157, 173, 179, 206, 209 and 219]

R 5330 ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION

A. Definitions

- 1. "Medication" means any prescription drug or over-the-counter medicine or nutritional supplement and includes, but is not limited to, aspirin and cough drops.
- 2. "Administration" means the taking of any medication by ingestion, injection, or application to any part of the body or the giving of direct physical assistance to the person who is ingesting, injecting, or applying medication.
- 3. "Self-administration" means carrying and taking medication without the intervention of the school nurse, approved through the school district policy and restricted to students with asthma, other potentially life-threatening illnesses, or life-threatening allergic reaction, or adrenal insufficiency.
- 4. "Life-threatening illness" means an illness or condition that requires an immediate response to specific symptoms or sequelae (an after effect of disease or injury) that if left untreated may lead to potential loss of life, i.e. adrenaline injection in anaphylaxis.
- 5. "A pre-filled auto-injector mechanism containing epinephrine" is a medical device used for the emergency administration of epinephrine to a student for anaphylaxis.
- 6. "Noncertified school nurse" means a person who holds a current license as a registered professional nurse from the State Board of Nursing and is employed by the district, and who is not certified as a school nurse by the **New Jersey** Department of Education (NJDOE).
- 7. "Substitute school nurse" means a person who holds a current license as a registered professional nurse from the State Board of Nursing and who has been issued a county substitute certificate to serve as a substitute for a certified school nurse in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-7.6.



STUDENTS R 5330/page 2 of 17 Administration of Medication

- 8. "School physician" means a physician with a current license to practice medicine or osteopathy from the New Jersey Board of Medical Examiners who works under contract or as an employee of the district. This physician is referred to as the medical inspector in N.J.S.A. 18A:40-4.1.
- 9. "Advanced practice nurse" means a person who holds a current certification license as nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist from the State Board of Nursing.
- 10. "Certified school nurse" means a person who holds a current license as a registered professional nurse from the State Board of Nursing and an Educational Services Certificate with a school nurse endorsement or school nurse/non-instructional from the Department of Education pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-14.3 and 14.4.
- B. Permission for Administration by a School Nurse or Registered Nurse
 - 1. Permission for the administration of medication in school or at school-relatedsponsored events functions will be given only when it is necessary for the health and safety of the student.
 - 2. Medication will not be administered to a student who is physically unfit to attend school or has a contagious disease. Any such student should not be permitted to attend school and may be excluded in accordance with Policy 8451.
 - 3. Parent requests for the administration of medication in school must be made in writing and signed by the parent.
 - 4. The parent must submit a certified statement written and signed by the student's physician. The statement must include:
 - a. The student's name;
 - b. The name of the medication;
 - c. The purpose of its administration to the student for whom the medication is intended;



STUDENTS R 5330/page 3 of 17 Administration of Medication

- d. The proper timing and dosage of medication;
- e. Any possible side effects of the medication;
- f. The time when the medication will be discontinued;
- g. A statement that the student is physically fit to attend school and is free of contagious disease; and
- h. A statement that the student would not be able to attend school if the medication is not administered during school hours.
- 5. The request for the administration of medication must be made to the Principal Superintendent or designee prior to any administration of medication or delivery of the medication to the school. The Principal Superintendent or designee may consult with the school nurse and the school physician in making his/her final determination to allow or deny the request.
 - a. An approved request will be signed by the Principal Superintendent or designee and given to the school nurse and the student's parent.
 - b. The parent will be informed of the a reason for a denied request; a denied request may be appealed to the Superintendent.
- C. Administration of Epinephrine to Students
 - 1. In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5, the parent may provide the Superintendent or designee authorization for the emergency administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled autoinjector mechanism containing epinephrine to a student for anaphylaxis provided:
 - a. The parent provides the Superintendent **or designee** a written authorization for the administration of epinephrine with written orders from the physician or an advanced practice nurse that the student requires the administration of epinephrine for anaphylaxis.;



STUDENTS R 5330/page 4 of 17 Administration of Medication

- b. The parent of the student provides the Superintendent or designee with written orders from the physician or an advanced practice nurse that the student requires the administration of epinephrine for anaphylaxis;
- b. The school nurse has the primary responsibility for the administration of epinephrine. However, the school nurse shall designate, in consultation with the Board or Superintendent, additional employees of the district who volunteer to administer epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to a student when the school nurse is not physically present at the scene. These volunteers shall be trained using standardized training protocols established by the New Jersey Department of Education in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior Services. The student's parent must consent in writing to the administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism by the designee(s).
- c. The parent must be is informed in writing by the Board of Education or Superintendent or designee that the school district and its employees or agents shall have no liability as a result of any injury to a student arising from the administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism-;
- d. The parent must signs a statement acknowledging their understanding the district shall incur no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to the student and the parent shall indemnify and hold harmless the district and its employees or agents against any claims arising out of the administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to the student-;
- e. The permission for the emergency administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism is effective for the school year it is granted and must be renewed for each subsequent school year upon the fulfillment of the requirements as outlined in a. through d. above-;



STUDENTS R 5330/page 5 of 17 Administration of Medication

f. The Superintendent or designee requires:

- f. (1) The school nurse shall be responsible for Tthe placement of the student's prescribed epinephrine to be in a secure but unlocked location easily accessible by the school nurse and trained designees to ensure prompt availability in the event of an allergic emergency at school or at a school-sponsored function. The location of the epinephrine shall be indicated on the student's emergency care plan. Back-up epinephrine shall also be available at the school if needed-;
- g. (2) The school nurse or trained designee shall to be promptly available on site at the school and school-sponsored functions in the event of an allergic reaction.; and
- h. (3) The school nurse or trained designee shall arrange for The transportation of the student to a hospital emergency room by emergency services personnel after the administration of epinephrine, even if the student's symptoms appear to have resolved.

g. The Superintendent or designee shall also:

i. (1) In accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5.f, Permit the school nurse or a designated employee trained designee to administer epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism is permitted to administer epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to any student without a known history of anaphylaxis or to any student whose parent has not met the requirements outlined above in Regulation 5330 – Section C.1.a., b., and d. and has not received the notice required in Regulation 5330 – Section C.1.c. when the school nurse or trained designee in good faith believes the student is having an anaphylactic reaction-; and



STUDENTS R 5330/page 6 of 17 Administration of Medication

- j. (2) Require eEach school in the district to will maintain in a secure, but unlocked and easily accessible location, a supply of epinephrine autoinjectors prescribed under a standing order from a licensed physician or advanced practice nurse, and that is accessible to the school nurse and trained designees for administration to a student having an anaphylactic reaction.
- 2. In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6, the school nurse shall have the primary responsibility for the administration of the epinephrine. The school nurse shall designate, in consultation with the Board of Education, additional employees of the school district who volunteer to administer epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to a student for anaphylaxis when the nurse is not physically present at the scene. In the event that a licensed athletic trainer volunteers to administer epinephrine, it shall not constitute a violation of the "Athletic Training Licensure Act," P.L.1984, c.203 (C.45:9-37.35 et seq.).
 - a. The school nurse shall determine that:
 - (1) The designees have been properly trained in the administration of the epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism using standardized training protocols established by the NJDOE in consultation with the Department of Health;
 - (2) The parent of the student consented in writing to the administration of the epinephrine via a prefilled auto-injector mechanism by the designees;
 - (3) The Board or Superintendent or designee has informed the parent of the student in writing that the district and its employees or agents shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of the epinephrine to the student;



STUDENTS R 5330/page 7 of 17 Administration of Medication

- (4) The parent of the student signed a statement acknowledging their understanding the district shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of the epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to the student and the parent shall indemnify and hold harmless the district and its employees or agents against any claims arising out of the administration of the epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to the student; and
- (5) The permission is effective for the school year for which it is granted and is renewed for each subsequent school year upon fulfillment of the requirements in subsections 2.a.(1) through 2.a.(4) above.
- 3. The NJDOE, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall require trained designees for students enrolled in a school who may require the emergency administration of epinephrine for anaphylaxis when the school nurse is not available.
- 4. Nothing in N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6 and Regulation 5330 Section C. shall be construed to prohibit the emergency administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to a student for anaphylaxis by the school nurse or other employees designated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3(a)(1) when the student is authorized to self-administer epinephrine pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3, or when there is a coexisting diagnosis of asthma, or when a prescription is received from a licensed health care professional for epinephrine coupled with another form of medication, or when the epinephrine is administered pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5.f.

STUDENTS R 5330/page 8 of 17 Administration of Medication

- 5. The certified school nurse, in consultation with the Superintendent or designee, shall recruit and train volunteer designees who are determined acceptable candidates by the school nurse within each school building as deemed necessary by the nursing services plan, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6c(b).
- 6. No school employee, including a school nurse, or any other officer or agent of a Board of Education, or a physician or an advanced practice nurse providing a prescription under a standing protocol for school epinephrine pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5.f and Regulation 5330 Section C.1.g., shall be held liable for any good faith act or omission consistent with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5 et seq., nor shall an action before the New Jersey State Board of Nursing lie against a school nurse for any such action taken by a person designated in good faith by the school nurse pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6. Good faith shall not include willful misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness.
- D. Administration of Hydrocortisone Sodium Succinate to Students
 - 1. In accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.29, the Board will permit the emergency administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate through appropriate delivery devices and equipment to a student for adrenal insufficiency provided that:
 - a. The parent of the student provides the Superintendent or designee a written authorization for the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate;
 - b. The parent of the student provides the Superintendent or designee written orders from the physician or an advanced practice nurse that the student requires the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate for adrenal insufficiency;
 - c. The Superintendent or designee informs the parent of the student in writing that the school district and its employees or agents shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate;



STUDENTS R 5330/page 9 of 17 Administration of Medication

- d. The parent of the student signs a statement acknowledging their understanding that the district shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student and that the parent shall indemnify and hold harmless the district and its employees or agents against any claims arising out of the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student; and
- e. The permission for the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate is effective for the school year for which it is granted and must be renewed for each subsequent school year upon the fulfillment of the requirements as outlined in a. through d. above.
- 2. In accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.29.b:
 - a. The placement of the student's prescribed hydrocortisone sodium succinate shall be in a secure, but unlocked location easily accessible by the school nurse and trained designees to ensure prompt availability in the event of emergency situations at school or at a school-sponsored function. The location of the prescribed hydrocortisone sodium succinate shall be indicated on the student's emergency care plan. Back-up hydrocortisone sodium succinate, provided by the student's parent, shall also be available at the school if needed;
- b. The school nurse or trained designee shall be promptly available on site at the school and school-sponsored functions in the event of an emergency; and
 - c. The student shall be transported to a hospital emergency room by emergency services personnel after the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate, even if the student's symptoms appear to have resolved.



STUDENTS R 5330/page 10 of 17 Administration of Medication

3. In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.30, the school nurse has the primary responsibility for the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate.

The school nurse shall designate, in consultation with the Superintendent or designee, additional employees of the school district who volunteer to administer hydrocortisone sodium succinate to a student when the school nurse is not physically present at the scene.

In the event that a licensed athletic trainer volunteers to administer hydrocortisone sodium succinate, it shall not constitute a violation of the "Athletic Training Licensure Act" - N.J.S.A. 45:9-37.35 et seq.

The school nurse shall determine that:

- a. The designees have been properly trained in the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate using standardized training protocols established by the NJDOE in consultation with the Department of Health;
- b. The parent of the student consented in writing to the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate by the designee(s);
- c. The Superintendent or designee has informed the parent of the student in writing that the district and its employees or agents shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student;
- d. The parent of the student signed a statement acknowledging their understanding that the district shall have no liability as a result of any injury arising from the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student and that the parent shall indemnify and hold harmless the district and its employees or agents against any claims arising out of the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to the student; and



STUDENTS R 5330/page 11 of 17 Administration of Medication

- e. The permission is effective for the school year for which it is granted and is renewed for each subsequent school year upon fulfillment of the requirements in N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.30 and D.3.a through d above.
- 4. Nothing in N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.30 and D.3. above shall be construed to prohibit the emergency administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate to a student for adrenal insufficiency by the school nurse or other employees designated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.30 and D.3. above when the student is authorized to self-administer hydrocortisone sodium succinate pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3.
- 5. The certified school nurse, in consultation with the Superintendent or designee, shall recruit and train volunteer designees who are determined acceptable candidates by the school nurse within each school building as deemed necessary by the nursing services plan, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.32(b).
- 6. No school employee, including a school nurse, or any other officer or agent of a Board of Education shall be held liable for any good faith act or omission consistent with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.29 et al., nor shall an action before the New Jersey State Board of Nursing lie against a school nurse for any action taken by a person designated in good faith by the school nurse pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.30. Good faith shall not include willful misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.33.

DE. Permission for Self-Administration of Medication

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3, the Board shall permit the Permission for self-administration of medication of by a student with for asthma, or other potentially life-threatening illnesses, or a life-threatening allergic reaction, or adrenal insufficiency may be granted under the following conditions provided that:

1. The pParent of the student must provides the Board or Superintendent or designee written authorization for the self-administration of medication;



STUDENTS R 5330/page 12 of 17 Administration of Medication

- 2. The parent of the student must also provides the Board or Superintendent or designee with a signed written certification from the physician of the student that the student has asthma or another potentially life threatening illness, or is subject to a life-threatening allergic reaction, or has adrenal insufficiency and is capable of, and has been instructed in, the proper method of self-administration of medication. The written certification must include:
 - a. The student's name;
 - b. The name of the medication;
 - c. The purpose of its administration to the student for whom the medication is intended;
 - d. The proper timing and dosage of medication;
 - e. Any possible side effects of the medication;
 - f. The time when the medication will be discontinued, if applicable;
 - g. A statement that the student is physically fit to attend school and is free of contagious disease; and
 - h. A statement the medication must be administered during the school day or the student would not be able to attend school.
- 3. The Board or the Superintendent or designee informs the parent of the student in writing that the district and its employees or agents shall incur no liability as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication by the student;
- 34. The parent of the student have signeds a statement acknowledging that the school district shall incur no liability as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication by the student and that the parent shall indemnify and hold harmless the school district, the Board, and its employees or agents against any claims arising out of the self-administration of medication by the student;



STUDENTS R 5330/page 13 of 17 Administration of Medication

- 45. The parent's written authorization and the physician's written certification shall be is reviewed by the Principal or designee with the school nurse and the school physician. The school nurse and the school physician must agree the student is capable of self-administration of the medication. If it is determined the student may self-administer medication in accordance with the request:
 - a. The request will be signed by the Principal and given to the school nurse and the student's parent;
 - b. The parent will be informed of the a reason for a denied request; a denied request may be appealed to the Superintendent.
- 56. Permission to self-administer one medication shall not be construed as permission to self-administer other medication; and
- 67. Permission shall be effective on the school year for which it is granted and shall be renewed for each subsequent school year upon fulfillment of the requirements in E.1. through E.46. above.

EF. Custodianship of Medication

- 1. Medications to be administered by the school nurse or a registered nurse:
 - a. All medications must be delivered to the school by the parent.
 - b. All medications must be in the original container, with the prescription information affixed.
 - c. The school nurse shall be custodian of students' medication, which will be properly secured.
 - d. Any unused medication must be picked up by the student's parent.



STUDENTS R 5330/page 14 of 17 Administration of Medication

- e. After reasonable efforts to have the parent retrieve the medication have failed, any unused medication that remains in the school at the end of the school year or two school weeks after the student stops taking the medication, whichever first occurs, must be destroyed or discarded by the school nurse, in accordance with proper medical controls.
- 2. Medications to be self-administered by a student:
 - a. Time being of the essence in cases of asthma, or other potentially life threatening illnesses, or a life-threatening allergic reaction, or adrenal insufficiency, all medications to be self-administered by a student must be kept in the student's possession.
 - b. No student may possess medication for self-administration unless the proper permission has been granted by the Principal **or designee** and a record of the medication is on file in the office of the school nurse.
 - c. Students who are permitted to self-administer medications must secure their medication in such a manner that the medication will not be available to other students. The medication must be in a sealed container and clearly labeled with the medication name, dosage, and ordering physician. The medication, if ingested by someone other than the student, shall not cause severe illness or death.
 - d. Students who are permitted to self-administer medications shall only have in their possession the quantity of medication necessary for the time period of the student's school day.
 - e. Notwithstanding any other law or regulation, a student who is permitted to self-administer medication in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3 shall be permitted to carry an inhaler or prescribed medication for allergic reactions, including a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism, or prescribed medication for adrenal insufficiency, at all times, provided the student does not endanger himself/herself or other persons through misuse.



STUDENTS R 5330/page 15 of 17 Administration of Medication

FG. Administration of Medication

- 1. No medication shall be administered to or taken by a student in school or at a school-sponsored event function except as permitted by Board Ppolicy 5330 and this Rregulation.
- 2. Medication will only be administered to students in school by the school physician, a certified or noncertified school nurse, a substitute school nurse employed by the district, a student who is approved to self-administer in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3 and 12.4, and school employees who have been trained and designated by the certified school nurse to administer epinephrine in an emergency pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5 and 12.6 and to administer hydrocortisone sodium succinate in an emergency pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.29 and 12.30.
- 3. When practicable, self-administration of medication should be observed by the school nurse.
- 4. Students self-administering medication shall report each administration of medication and any side effects to a teacher, coach, or the individual in charge of the student during school activities. Such individuals shall report all administrations and any side effects reported or observed to the school nurse within twenty-four hours.
- 5. When a student attends a school-sponsored event function at which medication may be required (such as an outdoor field trip or athletic competition) and the school nurse cannot be in attendance, the student's parent will be invited to attend. If neither the school nurse nor the parent can attend and the student does not have permission to self-administer medication and there is a risk that the student may suffer injury from lack of medication, the student may be excused from the event function.

GH. Emergencies



STUDENTS R 5330/page 16 of 17 Administration of Medication

- 1. Any medical emergency requiring medication of students will be handled in accordance with Policy 8441 and implementing regulations on first aid and, as appropriate, the school physician's standing orders for school nurses. Arrangements will be made to transport a student to a hospital emergency room after the administration of epinephrine in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.5.e.(3) and after the administration of hydrocortisone sodium succinate in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.29.b.(3).
- 2. Nothing in N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6 prohibits the emergency administration of epinephrine via a pre-filled auto-injector mechanism to a student for anaphylaxis by the school nurse or other trained designated employees pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.6 when the student is authorized to self-administer epinephrine pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12.3, or when there is a coexisting diagnosis of asthma, or when a prescription is received from a licensed health care professional for epinephrine coupled with another form of medicine, or when the epinephrine is administered pursuant to N.J.A.C. 18A:40-12.5.

HI. Records

The school nurse shall include the following in a student's health record:

- 1. The approved written request for the administration or self-administration of medication;
- 2. A record of each instance of the administration of the medication by the school nurse or a registered nurse;
- 3. A record of reports by teachers, coaches, and other individuals in charge of school activities who report student self-administration of medication;
- 4. Any side effects that resulted from the administration of medication; and



STUDENTS R 5330/page 17 of 17 Administration of Medication

5. Whether the supply of medication provided in cases where the medication is to be administered by the school nurse or a registered nurse was exhausted or the parent removed the medication or, if the parent failed to remove the medication, the medication was destroyed and the date on which that occurred.

4J. Notification

- 1. The school nurse may provide the Principal and other teaching staff members concerned with the student's educational progress with information about the medication and administration when such release of information is in the student's best educational interest.
- 2. The school nurse will provide teachers, coaches, and other individuals in charge of school activities with a list of students who have been given permission to self-administer medication.
- 3. The school nurse will inform the student's parent of any difficulty in the administration of medication or any side effects.
- 4. The school nurse will report to the school physician any student who appears to be adversely affected by the medication.

Adopted:



y te

PROPERTY
7243/page 1 of 2
Supervision of Construction
Mar 20
M

[See POLICY ALERT No. 219]

7243 SUPERVISION OF CONSTRUCTION

School Business Admin./Board Secretary

The Board of Education directs that the ______ be responsible for the supervision of all building construction in this school district. Supervision shall include field inspection of the construction contractor's operations,

administrative review of the activities of the architect relating to the construction, and any other construction matters relating to the interests of the school district.

The Superintendentall report periodically to the Board on the progress of that by his/her personal knowledge the work of the construction contractor(s) and the architect is being performed in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contracts approved by the Board.

The Board shall not employ for pay or contract for the paid services of any person serving in a position which involves regular contact with students unless the Board has first determined, consistent with the requirements and standards of N.J.S.A. 18A:6-7.1 et seq., that no criminal history record information exists on file in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Identification Division, or the State Bureau of Identification which would disqualify the individual from being employed or utilized in such capacity or position.

The Superintendent shall direct the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee to act as liaison to all construction contractors for school facility and construction projects to obtain a list of the individuals who will have regular contact with students and will be employed by or working for the contractor on a school district project that will be undergoing a criminal history record check pursuant to the requirements of The liaison shall provide the list of those N.J.S.A. 18A:6-7.1 et seg. contracted employees to the Superintendent or designee and the Human The Superintendent or designee and the Human Resources Director. Resources Director who receive any adverse action correspondence from the New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) related to the criminal history record check process shall review the contracted company list in order to determine if the subject of that correspondence is either a school employee or an employee of any contract service provider and take



PROPERTY 7243/page 2 of 2 Supervision of Construction

appropriate action. No employee of a contracted service provider shall commence work at a school facility without having first obtained an approval for employment from the NJDOE. Approvals for employment of these contracted employees shall be maintained with the liaison and copies forwarded to the Superintendent's office.

A change order involving additional cost will be submitted to by the ______for Board for review and approval.

[Optional

A change order not involving monetary considerations may be acted upon solely by the CVChitect and reported to the Board.]

Upon completion of a building project and a final inspection of all its aspects by the architect, contractors, and school officials, a recommendation for acceptance shall be made to the Board by the <u>avenue</u>.

N.J.S.A. **18A:6-7.1** et seq.; 18A:18A-16; 18A:18A-43; 18A:18A-44 N.J.S.A. 18A:54-30 [vocational districts]

Adopted:



OPERATIONS 8210/page 1 of 2 School Year Mar 20

[See POLICY ALERT Nos. 168, 175 and 219]

8210 SCHOOL YEAR

The Board of Education recognizes that the preparation of a school calendar is essential to orderly educational planning and to the efficient operation of the school district.

The Board shall determine annually approve the days when the schools will be in session for instructional purposes. The school calendar will provide no fewer than one hundred eighty _______ (one hundred eighty or more) days of instruction in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-9. Days on which school is closed for holidays, teachers' institutes, and inclement weather shall not be considered as days in session.

A half-day class or shortened school day shall be considered the equivalent of a full day only if school is in session for four or more hours, exclusive of recess periods or lunch periods.

A school day shall consist of not less than four hours, of actual instruction, except that in an approved Kindergarten, one continuous session of two and one-half hours may be considered a full day for Kindergarten in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:32-8.3(b). A half-day class shall be considered the equivalent of a full day's attendance only if the class is in session for four hours or more, exclusive of recess periods or lunch periods.

[Optional for Districts Operating a Kindergarten Program

An approved Kindergarten shall meet the requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 6A:32-8.3(c).]

The Commissioner of Education shall annually prescribe a list of religious holidays on which it shall be mandatory to excuse students for religious observance upon the written request signed by the parent or person standing in loco parentis. Staff members shall avoid, whenever possible, scheduling a test on a religious holiday commonly observed by residents of the district.



OPERATIONS 8210/page 2 of 2 School Year

The Superintendent shall

Optional

annually prepare and submit to the Board a school calendar for the next school year no later than May 1 ________ (date). The Board reserves the right to alter the school calendar when: such alteration is feasible and serves the best interests of the students of this district; the number of school closings during the school year extend the school year past a reasonable closing date in June; there is an extended school closing during the school year due to an unforeseen circumstance; and/or due to any reason deemed in the best interest of students.

N.J.S.A. 18A:25-3; 18A:36-2; 18A:36-16 N.J.S.A. 18A:54-25 [vocational districts] N.J.A.C. 6A:32-8.3

Adopted:



OPERATIONS 8220/page 1 of 1 School Day Mar 20 M

[See POLICY ALERT No. 219]

Grades:

8220 SCHOOL DAY

The Board of Education shall annually approve determine the times that school(s) will be in session for the purpose of providing adequate time for students to profit from the educational program of the district, including the starting and ending time of a shortened day. A school day shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:32-8.3.

The schools of the district will be in session for students on those days specified and times recommended by the Superintendent and annually approved by the Board and at the following times:.

Time in Session:

The Superintendent may close the schools, delay the opening of school, or dismission chool early when such alteration in the regular session is required for the protection of the health and safety of students and staff members or other good cause. A shortened school day, whether it is planned or emergent (as in the case of inclement weather), must meet certain requirements in order to count toward the one hundred eighty day requirement of N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-9.
The Superintendent shall inform the Board President of any such alteration a soon as possible and shall prepare rules for the proper and timely notification of concerned persons in the event of any delayed opening or emergency school closing of the schools.
Students shall regularly be permitted to enter school minute perfore the start of class and, during inclement weather, shall be permitted to enter school minutes before the start of class.
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-8.3
Adopted:



OPERATIONS R 8220/page 1 of 6 School Closings Mar 20

[See POLICY ALERT No. 219]

R 8220 SCHOOL CLOSINGS

The following procedures will govern the unscheduled closing of school for the entire school day, the delayed opening of school, and the early closing of school. No single set of rules can anticipate the problems that may be encountered when schools must be closed, and Building Principals may be required to exercise independent judgment in individual circumstances. Any consequent deviation from these rules shall should be reported approved promptly to by the Superintendent.

A. Notification Provisions

The Superintendent or designee shall notify Notice to media outlets and/or activate an emergency call system when a decision is made for an unscheduled closing of school for the entire school day, the delayed opening of school, or the early closing of school television and radio stations shall be by telephone call, with appropriate code, to the following stations. The media outlets may include, but not be limited to, radio, television stations, and internet websites as listed below:

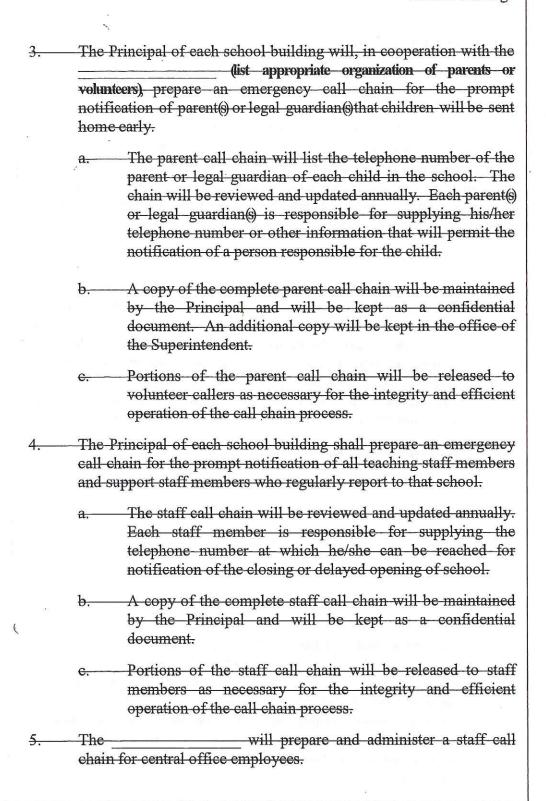
Television and/or Radio Station

radio-station.

	in the second section of the section of
2.	Parent(s) or legal guardian(s) will be notified at the beginning of each school year that they will be notified of an emergency school
	closing day by means of announcements over the media outlets radio stations listed above. The notice will include the call
	numbers of each station, its location on the AM or FM band, and
	the time(s) at which the announcement will be carried. Parent(s) or
	legal guardian(s) will be cautioned not to attempt to telephone the



OPERATIONS R 8220/page 2 of 6 School Closings





OPERATIONS R 8220/page 3 of 6 School Closings

6	The will prepare and administer a staff call
	chain foremployees.
7.	Each staff call chain should be so organized as to ensure that the
	first called are those staff members who live farthest from the school, office, or facility to which they regularly report.
All Da	y Closing
1.	The decision to close schools for the day will be made in accordance with Policy No. 8220 and no later than a.m. As soon as the decision is made, the
	Superintendent or designee will promptly notify:
	a. Television and radio stations (see paragraph A1) The media outlets identified in A.1. above;
	b. All Building Principals, school staff members;
	c. The Director of Transportation (or transportation contractor),
	d. (other individuals or offices to be notified),
	the section of an traditional and western street
	ec (private schools to which transportation is provided for district children); ; and
	fd. Manasquan_ Police Departments-; (municipalities
	that are affected by decision or that provide school crossing guards);
	e. Board of Education President; and
	f. Any other individuals or organizations the
	Superintendent or designee determines the need to be notified.
2.	Each Building Principal and other person responsible for a call chain will promptly institute the process of notifying staff members of the closing by means of the staff call chain. Every effort should be made to notify staff members as soon as practicable.



OPERATIONS R 8220/page 4 of 6 School Closings

- 3. In the event a staff member cannot be reached by telephone, the caller will report that fact to the Building Principal or other person responsible for the call chain.
- 42. Notwithstanding a provision in a collective bargaining agreement, if applicable, uUnless the Superintendent determines otherwise, school office personnel and custodial personnel are expected to report for work on an emergency closed day. It is the intention of this rule that all school offices be uniformly closed or open on a day when the schools are closed for emergency.

C. Delayed Opening

- 1. When circumstances are such as to require the late opening of school, the school day will ordinarily be delayed by two hours. All beginning schedules will be in effect, modified only by the two hour delay.
- 21. The decision to delay the opening of school will be made as soon as practicable. Notice of the delayed opening will be given in accordance with B. above.
- 32. Notwithstanding a provision in a collective bargaining agreement, uUnless the Superintendent determines otherwise, school office personnel and custodial personnel are expected to report to work on time if the opening of school is delayed.
- 43. If weather conditions **change** deteriorate after a delayed opening has been announced, the Superintendent may decide to close schools for the day. This decision will be made as soon as practicable. Notice of the closing of schools for the day will be given in accordance with B.1. above.
- 54. The Principal of each school will modify the school's schedule to accommodate the shorter day. Morning schedules may be eanceled. After-school and athletic events may be canceled.
- 6. Lunch will be served as usual, but may be delayed.



OPERATIONS R 8220/page 5 of 6 School Closings

D.	Early	Dismissal
	1. and	The A decision by the Superintendent or designee to close school early will be promptly relayed to the media outlets, school staff members, and the people or organizations listed in B.1. above:
		a. Building Principals in the affected schools,

ο,	The Director of Fransportation (of transportation contractor),
c. —	(other individuals or offices to be notified),
d.—	(private schools to which transportation is
	provided for district children), and
e. —	Police Departments (municipalities that
	are affected by decision or that provide school crossing guards).

- 2. Building Principals in the affected schools will promptly notify all **school** staff members of the early closing, using appropriate building procedures.
- 3. Parents(s) or legal guardian(s) may will be notified of an early dismissal through by an emergency call system, district or school website, a telephone communication chain, or any other method or process deemed appropriate the emergency parent call chain. Each caller will report to a person designated by the Principal the names of any parent(s) or legal guardian(s) who cannot be reached by telephone.
- Buses may be loaded as soon as they arrive at the school and may depart as soon as all students assigned to the bus have boarded.
- 54. A parent@orlegal guardian@may come to the school and sign out his/her child at any time after the decision to close early has been made. Any removal of a child must be in strict accordance with Policy and Regulation 5230 regarding the person(s) to whom a child may be released.



OPERATIONS R 8220/page 6 of 6 School Closings

- 65. The Principal may will designate a safe and secure location in the school building to which may be assigned students whose parent or temporary caretaker could not be reached by telephone or other means or the student was unable to be released from school early for good reason.
 - a. A teaching staff member will be assigned to supervise the students who remain in the school.
 - b. Students who have remained in the school will be released at the time school regularly closes, by whatever means of transportation they would have taken were the school not closed early.
 - c. The Principal may arrange for a late bus or transportation by private vehicle for students retained at the school.

Issued:



POLICY GUIDE

OPERATIONS 8462/page 1 of 3 Reporting Potentially Missing or Abused Children Mar 20 M

[See POLICY ALERT Nos. 94, 97, 100, 106, 133, 169, 180, 203, 208, 215 and 219]

8462 REPORTING POTENTIALLY MISSING OR ABUSED CHILDREN

The Board of Education recognizes early detection of missing, abused, or neglected children is important in protecting the health, safety, and welfare of all children. In recognition of the importance of early detection of missing, abused, or neglected children, the Board of Education adopts this Policy pursuant to the requirements of N.J.S.A. 18A:36-24 and 18A:36-25. The Board provides this Policy for its employees, volunteers, or interns for the early detection of missing, abused, or neglected children through notification of, reporting to, and cooperation with the appropriate law enforcement and child welfare authorities pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:36-24 and 18A:36-25 et seq., N.J.A.C. 6A:16-11.1, N.J.S.A. 9:6-8.10, and N.J.A.C. 6A:22-4.1(d).

Employees, volunteers, or interns working in the school district shall immediately notify designated child welfare authorities of incidents of alleged missing, abused, and/or neglected children. Reports of incidents of alleged missing, abused, or neglected children shall be reported to the New Jersey State Central Registry (SCR) at 1-877 NJ ABUSE or to any other telephone number designated by the appropriate child welfare authorities. If the child is in immediate danger a call shall be placed to 911 as well as to the SCR.

The school district shall prominently display information about the Department of Children and Families' State Central Registry, a toll-free hotline for reporting child abuse, in each school of the district. The information shall give instructions to call 911 for emergencies and shall include directions for accessing the Department of Children and Families' website or social media platforms for more information on reporting abuse, neglect, and exploitation.

The information shall be in a format and language that is clear, simple, and understandable. The information shall be on a poster and displayed at each school in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly visible public area that is readily accessible to and widely used by students, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:33.28.



POLICY GUIDE

OPERATIONS 8462/page 2 of 3 Reporting Potentially Missing or Abused Children

The person having reason to believe that a child may be missing or may have been abused or neglected may inform the Principal or other designated school official(s) prior to notifying designated child welfare authorities if the action will not delay immediate notification. The person notifying designated child welfare authorities shall inform the Principal or other designated school official(s) of the notification, if such had not occurred prior to the notification. Notice to the Principal or other designated school official(s) need not be given when the person believes that such notice would likely endanger the reporter or student involved or when the person believes that such disclosure would likely result in retaliation against the student or in discrimination against the reporter with respect to his or her employment.

The Principal or other designated school official(s) upon being notified by a person having reason to believe that a child may be missing or may have been abused or neglected, must notify appropriate law enforcement authorities. Notification to appropriate law enforcement authorities shall be made for all reports by employees, volunteers, or interns working in the school district. Confirmation by another person is not required for a school district employee, volunteer, or intern to report the suspected missing, abused, or neglected child situation.

School district officials will cooperate with designated child welfare and law enforcement authorities in all investigations of potentially missing, abused, or neglected children in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 6A:16-11.1(a)5.

The district designates <u>Curseling Services</u> s the school district's liaison to designated child welfare authorities to act as the primary contact person between the school district and child welfare authorities with regard to general information sharing and the development of mutual training and other cooperative efforts. The district designates the Superintendent or designee as the school district's liaison to law enforcement authorities to act as the primary contact person between the school district and law enforcement authorities, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.2(b)1, consistent with the Memorandum of Agreement, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.2(b)13.

An employee, volunteer, or intern working in the school district who has been named as a suspect in a notification to child welfare and law enforcement authorities regarding a missing, abused, or neglected child situation shall be entitled to due process rights, including those rights defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:16-11.1(a)9.



POLICY GUIDE

OPERATIONS 8462/page 3 of 3 Reporting Potentially Missing or Abused Children

The Superintendent or designee shall provide training to school district employees, volunteers, or interns on the district's policy and procedures for reporting allegations of missing, abused, or neglected child situations. All new school district employees, volunteers, or interns working in the district shall receive the required information and training as part of their orientation.

There shall be no reprisal or retaliation against any person who, in good faith, reports or causes a report to be made of a potentially missing, abused, or neglected child situation pursuant to N.J.S.A. 9:6-8.13.

N.J.S.A. **18A:33-28**; 18A:36-24; 18A:36-25 et seq. N.J.A.C. 6A:16-11.1

Adopted:



Holi, Kali, icid

REGULATION

Manasquan School District

Section: Property

7510. USE OF SCHOOL FACILITIES/FIELDS

Date Created: June 2011

Date Edited: December 2018

7510. USE OF SCHOOL FACILITIES/FIELDS

A. Classification of Users

Organizations and individuals using school facilities/fields will be classified as Class I, II, or III users as follows:

- 1. Class I users will be given priority for the use of school facilities/fields over other users and may use school district facilities/fields without payment of a use fee or charge for custodial and service (fuel, water, and electricity) costs. Class I users include the following organizations and individuals:
 - a. Users and groups directly related to the school and the operations of the school.
 - b. Users and organizations indirectly related to the school.
- 2. Class II users will be given priority for the use of school facilities/fields over Class III users and may use school district facilities/fields without payment of a use fee but will be charged custodial and service costs. Class II users include the following organizations and individuals:
 - a. Department or agencies of the municipal government.
 - b. Other governmental agencies.

- c. Community organizations formed for charitable, civic, or educational purposes.
- 3. Class III users will be given lowest priority for the use of school facilities/fields and may use school district facilities/fields only on payment of a use fee and charges for custodial and service costs. Class III users include the following organizations and individuals:
 - a. Other organizations/agencies at the discretion of the Superintendent or Business Administrator.
- 4. No other organizations or individuals will be permitted to use school facilities/fields.

B. Application Procedures

- 1. Application must be made in writing and on the form supplied by the school district. The form is available in the office of the Business Administrator.
- 2. Application for use of school facilities/fields must be submitted to the Business Administrator not less than a week before the date of the requested use.
- 3. The application must be signed by an adult representative of the requesting organization, who will be considered by the Board to be the agent of the organization.
- 4. The application must include all the facilities/fields that the applicant wishes to use and all the dates and times of the requested use. Approval of any application is

limited to the facilities/fields, dates, and times expressly requested on the application. Approval does not include the privilege of additional rehearsal time or the use of rooms or buildings not expressly requested.

5. The application must include all the equipment and supplies that the applicant wishes to include in the use, pursuant to Policy No. 7520, Loan of School Equipment.

C. Approval

- 1. The Business Administrator will review each application and check the school calendar to determine whether the facility/field requested is available at the date and time requested, that is, the facility/field has not been scheduled
 - a. For use in the instructional or co-curricular program,
 - b. For maintenance, repair, or capital improvement, or
 - c. For use by another organization.
- 2. If the facility/field is not available for use, the Business Administrator will so inform the representative of the organization and may suggest alternative dates, times, or facilities.
- 3. If the facility/field is available for use and the applicant meets the standards set by Policy No. 7510 and these regulations, the Business Administrator will note his/her approval on the application form and will record the classification of the applicant

organization and forward the application to the appropriate schools for final approval.

- 4. Standards for approval include the following limitations on use:
 - a. School facilities/fields are available for use only on weekdays and limited weekends. School facilities/fields are not available for use on school holidays.
 - b. School facilities/fields are available for use only after school has ended and no later than 9:30 p.m. except for students.
 - c. The use of school facilities/fields will generally not be granted for observances or celebrations that are essentially private in nature or for meetings of small groups that can conveniently convene in private homes.
 - d. In accordance with Policy No. 7510, the use of school facilities/fields will not be granted for partisan political activity, or any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- 5. The Business Administrator will determine the classification (I, II, or III) of the applicant organization and the fees and costs, if any, to be charged for the use of the facility/field. That information will be entered on the application form.
- 6. In the event of a conflict between requesting organizations within the same class, the request received earlier by the district will be honored first.
- 7. A copy of each approved or disapproved application will be distributed to the representative who signed the application form.

- 8. The application form will include the rules governing the use of school facilities/fields, and the representative's signature on the application will signify notice of those rules and the organization's agreement to be bound by those rules.
- 9. The Board reserves the right to deny an application and to withdraw permission to use school facilities/fields after approval has been granted and after the use has commenced. Permission may specifically be withdrawn from any organization whose representative has willfully made misrepresentation on the application or whose members violate the rules established for the use of school facilities/fields. Such withdrawal of permission may constitute grounds for denying a future application made by the organization.
- 10. Permission to use school facilities/fields is not transferable.
- 11. The organization representative must inform the Business Administrator of any canceled use request as soon as he/she is aware of the cancellation. An organization's failure to inform the Business Administrator of a canceled use at least five working days in advance of the scheduled time of the use may result in imposition of service charges.
- 12. Permission to use a school facility/field is automatically withdrawn on a day when the facility/field is closed for inclement weather, work stoppage, or other emergency.

D. Insurance and Indemnification

1. The representative of an organization granted permission to use a school facility/field must assume responsibility for the orderly and careful use of the facility/field and must agree to assume liability for any damage or loss of property caused by the use or in the course of the use.

- 2. The organization and/or its representative will hold the Board of Education harmless from claims arising out of the permitted use of the school facility/field or during the user's occupancy. In addition, the user shall agree to save the Board harmless from liability for injury or damage to any person or property of any person who may be attending or participating in the function or activity for which permission has been granted.
- 3. The user shall furnish evidence of the purchase of Commercial General Liability in the amount of

\$1,000,000

Each Occurrence Limit:

Aggregate Limit: \$2,000,000

Products/Completed Operations Aggregate: \$1,000,000

Personal and Advertising Injury Limit: \$1,000,000

Fire Legal Limit: \$50,000 any one fire

Medical Payments: \$5,000 any one person

4. The policy shall be endorsed to add Manasquan Board of Education as additional insureds with respect to liability for bodily injury, property damage, or personal or advertising injury caused in whole or in part by the Named Insured Organization's acts or omissions or acts or omissions of those acting on the Named Insured Organization's behalf. The Commercial General Liability policy must be primary and noncontributory with respects to Manasquan Board of Education. A Waiver of Subrogation Clause shall be added to the General Liability Policy in favor of Manasquan Board of Education. A copy of this endorsement must be provided to the Board Secretary.

E. Rules for the Use of School Facilities

1.	Users of school facilities/fields will be bound by the law.
	a. Users must comply strictly with all applicable statutes; municipal ordinances; and rules of the Board of Health, Fire Department, and Police Department regarding public assemblies.
	b. The use must not exceed the established capacity of the facility/field used.
	c. The use must not involve gambling or games of chance.
	d. The use, possession, and/or distribution of alcohol and/or controlled dangerous substances is absolutely prohibited, in accordance with law and Policy Nos. 5530 and 7435.
n = - dict	e. Smoking is prohibited in accordance with Policy No. 7434.
	f. School facilities/fields cannot be used for any purpose prohibited by law or likely to result in rioting, disturbance of the peace, damage to property or for the purpose of defaming others.
2.	Users of school facilities/fields will respect Board property.
	a. The user will not damage, destroy, or deface school property. The facility/field will be used with care and left in an orderly and neat condition.

- b. The user must obtain the Business Administrator's permission to bring equipment, decorations, or materials to the school facility/field. No equipment, decorations, or materials may be nailed to floors, walls, windows, woodwork, curtains or fixtures or affixed to the same in any manner that defaces or damages school property.
- c. Any equipment, scenery, decorations, or other material brought to the school facility/field and any debris caused by the use or remaining after the use must be promptly removed by the user. Any such materials left on school premises more than twenty-four hours after the use may be removed by the Board at the user's expense. The Board assumes no liability for damage to or loss of materials brought to school facilities.
- d. The user must obtain the Business Administrator's permission to use, move, or tune a district piano. A piano may be moved only by a competent and experienced commercial mover and at the expense of the user. Any piano that has been moved must be returned to its original placement with the same care and at the expense of the user.
- e. Users of the gymnasium must ensure that all participants wear rubber-soled footwear to prevent damage to floors.
- f. No school facility/field may be used for a purpose in conflict with the purpose for which the facility was designed.
- g. Lighting equipment, ventilation systems, and thermostatic controls may be operated only by an employee of the district.
- h. The user must obtain the Business Administrator's permission to serve and consume food and/or beverages on school premises. The service and consumption of food and/or beverages is strictly limited to the area for which permission is granted. If food and/or beverages are served, the user must clean all utensils, equipment, serving dishes, and the like and restore

the facility to its proper condition. The user may not consume food or beverages or use supplies purchased with public funds.

- i. No signs, posters, advertisements, or other displays may be placed in a school building without the approval of the Business Administrator.
- j. No school keys shall be issued to a user.
- k. No animal shall be allowed on school premises without the approval of the Business Administrator.
- 1. The head of maintenance or designee is responsible for examining the facility/field immediately after the use and informing the user of any loss or damage that must be corrected.
- m. Permission to use school facilities/fields extends only to the facility/fields requested. Users are not entitled to enter health offices, administrative offices, storage closets, or any other room to which permission to use has not been expressly granted. Users are not permitted to use district telephones, word processors, and office equipment. Users may make use of public telephones.
- n. No vehicles of any type shall be operated in any area that is not designed for such vehicles.
- 3. Uses Must be Properly Supervised.
 - a. A school custodian must be on duty during the entire time a use occurs. The custodian is present for the purpose of insuring the security and proper functioning of the facility/fields and of enforcing these regulations. The

custodian is paid by the Board and may not accept gratuities from users. If the custodian is directed by the Business Administrator to perform extra services as an accommodation to the user, the user will be charged an additional fee and the custodian will be compensated accordingly by the district.

- b. The use of certain school facilities/fields (such as kitchen and auditorium stage) require the services of school employees trained in the use of the facility/field. The user will be charged an additional fee and the school employee will be compensated accordingly by the district.
- c. The user must assume full responsibility for the conduct of all participants in the use while they are in or about school buildings and grounds and must enforce these regulations. The user must provide an adequate number of persons to supervise participants in the activity.
- d. The user must, in consultation with the Principal, anticipate the need for the assistance of police officers, fire fighters, and/or parking attendants. All such services must be arranged by the user and will be at the expense of the user. When a user refuses or fails to secure police, fire, and/or parking assistance after having been advised to do so by the Principal, the Principal may recommend that permission to use the facility/field be withdrawn.
- e. Board members and school officials are entitled to full and free access to any part of the school premises during any use. No user may exclude a Board member or school official from a school facility for any reason.

F. Fee Schedule

1. The following schedule comprises rental charges and custodial fees for facilities use. These fees are set and will not be prorated. Hourly fees will be charged on a per hour basis only.

High School	
Auditorium (public performance i stage) (up to 6hrs/day)	ncluding \$500/day
Auditorium beyond 6hrs/day for	a public \$85/hr
performance	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
including stage	
Auditorium (rehearsal only, no attendance) (up to 6hrs/day)	o public \$250/day
Auditorium (rehearsal only, no attendance) (beyond 6 hrs/day)	o public \$45/hr
attendance) (co) said s	Year 9 Con Dominion
Cafeteria (kitchen use is pr (under 3hrs/day)	ohibited) \$100/day or
(under Sinsiday)	\$500/wk (5days)
Cafeteria (kitchen use is pr (under 3-6 hrs/day)	rohibited) \$200/day or
	\$1,000/wk (5days)
Cafeteria (beyond 6hrs/day)	\$35/hr
Gymnasium (3-6 hrs/day)	\$200/day or
	\$1,000/wk (5days)
Gymnasium (beyond 6 hrs/day)	\$35/hr
Gymnasium (under 3 hrs/day)	\$100/day or
	\$500/wk (5days)
Large Group Area (Music Suit Ctr. Etc.) (up to 6 hrs/day)	te, Media \$100/day
Large Group Area (Music Suit Ctr. Etc.) (beyond 6 hrs/day)	te, Media \$20/hr
Classroom (up to 6 hrs/day)	\$60/day
Classroom (beyond 6 hrs/day)	\$10/hr
Fields (under 3 hrs/day)	\$100/day or
	\$500/wk (5 days)
Fields (3-6 hrs/day)	\$200/day or
	\$1,000/wk (5days)

· v

Any area that is scheduled for use under 3 hours will be charged in accordance with the above schedule. However, if the users exceeds 3 hours they will automatically be subject to the fee for the 3-6 hours period. The hourly rate will not apply until after you exceed the 6 hours. Users cannot change their approved times or add additional areas to be used without prior approval and receipt of payment for the event.

Elementary School	
et l	
Music Suite (public performance including stage) (up to 6hrs/day)	\$200/day
Music Suite (public performance including stage) (beyond 6hrs)	\$35/hr
Music Suite (rehearsal only, no public attendance) (up to 6hrs/day)	\$100/day
Music Suite (rehearsal only, no public attendance) (beyond 6hrs)	\$20/hr
Cafeteria (kitchen use is prohibited) (under 3 hrs/day)	\$100/day or
	\$500/wk (5days)
Cafeteria (kitchen use is prohibited) (3-6	\$200/day or
hrs/day)	\$1,000/wk
	(5 days)
Cafeteria (kitchen use is prohibited) (beyond 6 hrs)	\$35/hr
	h4.00/1
Gymnasium (under 3 hrs/day)	\$100/day or
	\$500/wk (5days)
Gymnasium (3-6 hrs/day)	\$200/day or
	\$1,000/wk
	(5 days)
Gymnasium (beyond 6 hrs)	\$35/hr

Large Group Area (Media Ctr. Etc.) (up to 6hrs/day)	\$100/day
Large Group Area (Media Ctr. Etc.) (beyond 6 hrs)	\$20/hr
	V II II
Classroom (up to 6hrs/day)	\$60/day
Classroom (beyond 6 hrs)	\$10/hr /
Fields (under 3 hrs/day)	\$100/day or
1 1	\$500/wk (5 days)
Fields (3-6 hrs/day)	\$200/day or
	\$1,000/wk (5 days)
Fields (beyond 6 hrs)	\$35/hr

Any area that is scheduled for use under 3 hours will be charged in accordance with the above schedule. However, if the users exceeds 3 hours they will automatically be subject to the fee for the 3-6 hours period. The hourly rate will not apply until after you exceed the 6 hours. Users cannot change their approved times or add additional areas to be used without prior approval and receipt of payment for the event.

In addition to the fee schedule above, organizations will be assessed the cost of custodial services. There shall be a fee of time-and-one-half overtime rate of pay per hour for each custodian (minimum of four hours at overtime rate). On Sundays, fees shall be at double-time rate per hour (minimum of four hours). The custodial fees will reflect current contract rates. The organizations will be billed for custodial services by the Board of Education after the event, but building fees must be paid 5 days prior to the event or the event will not be permitted to take place. The custodial fees will include at least a 1/2 hour to 1 hour prior to the event and 1/2 hour to an hour after the event. The determination of the 1/2 hour or 1 hour will be at the discretion of the district.

2. Fee Schedule for Staff (Custodians and Technology Staff)

Billed after the fact.

An hourly rate ranging from \$20 to \$30 (reflects time and a half) will be charged in addition to the building use fees for Saturday events (depending on which custodian takes the work)

An hourly rate ranging from \$35 to \$40 (reflects double time) will be charged in addition to the building use fees for Sunday events (depending on which custodian takes the work)

No custodial fees can be charged during the week during the school year as the staff is already on duty until approximately 10:00 pm every weeknight.

Any reservation requiring access to district technology, including projectors or other A/V equipment, wireless connectivity, computers or other equipment will incur a \$50 set-up fee. Additional technological support will be billed at an hourly rate of \$30, rounded down to the nearest quarter of an hour.

- 3. The Business Administrator will prepare an itemized bill for the use of school facilities/fields based on the approved application form. The bill will be sent to the representative of the applicant organization at least five working days in advance of the use and is payable immediately.
- 4. Payment must be received by the Business Administrator before the scheduled use. Permission will be withdrawn from any use that is not paid in advance, except as expressly exempted by the Business Administrator.

Issued: 14 June 2011

Approved: 11 December 2018

	¥1	